Hong Kong and Singapore

PARIS, TUESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1983

ESTABLISHED 1887

### Reagan, Glenn Vie At Forum

Personal No. 31,254

### Political Support of Veterans Is Sought

By David Hoffman

NEW ORLEANS - President Ronald Reagan vied Monday with Senator John Glenn for political support from the Veterans of For-eign Wars with back-to-back speeches in which Senator Glenn identified with some of Mr. Reagan's policies in Central America. Senator Glenn, an Ohio Demo-crat and presidential contender, echoed Mr. Reagan's frequent claim that communism posed a threat to Central America and the

Third World.
White House White House political strategists have said they view Senator Glenn as Mr. Reagan's most threatening prospective opponent in the 1984 presidential election if Mr. Reagan his best Speaking to the 84th annual con-

vention of the nation's largest velocity terans organization, which has strongly backed the administration's hard-line approach to Soviet and Cuban intervention in Central America, Senator Glenn declared: "Although we must recognize that most revolotions have their be in the threat of Communist subversion that always plays on human misery

that cannot be denied. Failing to adincome denied these realities would

e a serious mistake." minic Senator Glenn has spoken out previously against buman rights again last weekend at a Democratic peace forum in Des Moines, Iowa. He said military force should " were "only be used as a last resort" and www. he stressed, as has Mr. Reagan, the in importance of economic aid in en-couraging "the forces of justice and the forces of reform" in Central

FRIKE America OUNG IN president Reagan offered a broad defense of his economic program and also claimed he has brought about progress on Mideast peace, in slowing the nuclear arms race, in rooting out Pentagon waste, and in rebuilding U.S. de-

> 12 On Central America, Mr. Reagan accused news organizations of presenting a "distorted view" of administration efforts to ourture

of the coverage that the greatest portion of our aid to Central America is humanitarian and economic,"
Mr. Reagan said. "You wouldn't know that democracy is taking root

And I don't blame the media alone because in many cases they are just reporting the disinformation and demagoguery they hear coming from people who put politics ahead of national interests."

The White House also responded

sharply Monday to news accounts of Mr. Reagan's meeting Sunday with Mexico's president, Miguel de la Madrid Hurtado. The accounts reported that Mr.

advancing his Central American initiatives and that Mr. de la Madrid had been critical of the admin-

President de la Madrid warned said ne expertieu a recupitura s

off a conflagration. House spokesman, said: "The stoment with Mr. Mugabe over his the stoment with Mr. Nkomo said: "There is ries we've seen that indicate the return, Mr. Nkomo said: "There is success are way off base. It was not the type of meeting designed to change anybody's mind."

Mr. Nkomo, once dubbed the "father of African nationalism" in the former British meeting was anything less than a no such secret deal."





#### Pope Celebrates Mass at Lourdes

Members of the Roman Catholic missionary order of White Fathers, left, listen during the consecration of the Host at a Mass celebrated Monday in Lourdes, France, by Pope John Paul II, pictured above at the same Mass. Page 2.

### West Germany's Guilt-Free Generation Takes a Cold Look at U.S.

By James M. Markham New York Times Service .

ESCHELBACH, West Germany - A new generation, no longer burdened by guilt for Hitler's crimes, is coming of age and into the corridors of power in West Ger-

It is a generation of people in their 20s and early 30s who, in important ways, have broken with their parents' view of themselves

Raised in the prosperity that has made West Germany an influential nation, they tend to chafe at political tutclage by the United States, which in the views of many looms

under President Ronald Reagan as a danger to peace.

These young West Germans are not fired by any surge of revivalist nationalism or patriotism, though politicians of the left and the right look for such a mood. If the Nazi trauma has left a legacy, it is a blank, a void where national feeling normally arises.

At the same time, interviews and conversations with young people throughout the country suggest that an undeclared search has starthat an undeclared search has startd for a German idiom in which
fermans can express themselves
a speech, in film and music.

"There used to be a time when it

"There used to be a time when it ed for a German idiom in which Germans can express themselves. in speech, in film and music.

was great to use American words

Thewalt, a 21-year-old student who grew up here in the village of Es-chelbach. "People say now, Why oot say it in German?"

In Bonn, politicians from Chancellor Helmut Kohl down worry about "the youth questioo" and put it into their own political calcuions. In parliamentary elections in March, one strand of this generation's thinking found expression in the Greens coalition, which, with

and expressioos," said Beate weapons and ouclear energy, but in Thewalt, a 21-year-old student who embody a rejection of what has been West Germany's economic and foreign policy consensus,

> Studies after the elections showed that two-thirds of the 22 million West Germans who voted for the iconoclastic Greens were under the age of 35 and that the party polled about 20 percent of such votes in university towns and industrial centers, where oew trends tend to be born.

majority party of West German youth, According to an analysis by the conservative Christian Demoronment and opposition to nuclear cratic Party, which won the elec-

between the ages of 18 and 29 voted Green, 41 percent voted for the left-leaning Social Democrats, 38 percent voted Christian Democratic and 5 percent for the liberal Free

But while polling a limited share of the vote, the Greens have demonstrated a capacity to articulate issues that the bigger, established parties have then been forced to address, ranging from holding a The Greens, however, are not the implications of U.S. medium-range

> This autumn, the Greens will be (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

### **Rebels Pausing** In Chad Advance

### 3 French Strongpoints Seen As Blocking New Offensive

The Associated Press

NDJAMENA, Chad - The cre-Chad has halted, at least temporar- push southward for fear of a direct ily, the southward advance of Libyan-led rebel forces, Information Minister Soumaila Mahamat reported Monday.

But Mr. Soumaila said at a news conference that the help of the 700 French "military instructors," al-

Goukouni is called a "Libyan puppet," but relations with Qa-

dhafi have seesawed. Page 2. though considerable, would not be

enough to push back the invading forces if and when the Libyan lead-er, Colonel Moamer Qadhafi, ordered an advance The army of President Hissène

Hisbré has no air cover of its own, no armor and no long-range artil-lery to match the estimated 2,500 Libyan regular troops now in con-trol of northern Chad. Mr. Soumaila suggested that the moral effect of the French military presence may have made Colonel Qadhafi Mr. Soumaila said "the military

situation has been stationary since Saturday" and no further advance of the rebels and their Libyan allies was reported following Friday's withdrawal of government forces from Koro Toro, 370 miles (590 kilometers) north of Ndjamena, the capital. He said the rebels had failed thus far to follow up on the government withdrawal and has left Koro Toro, a desert outposs, "in a sort of no-man's-land,"

He said government forces re-mained in full control of Ourn Chalouba, 150 miles east of Koro Toro, and the continuous heavy Lihyan air attacks on the Oum Chalouba garrison ceased abruptly on Satur-

Oum Chalouba remaios the northernmost government position following the surrender of virtually all the sparsely inhabited northern half of Chad to the rebels led by the country's former president, Gou-

Western diplomatic sources concurred with Mr. Soumaila's assessation of three heavily armed ment that Colonel Qadhafi may French military strongpoints in have ordered a pause in his forces clash with the French troops. The French Army, in a rapid de ment operation code-named Manta, flew an elite force of 700 marine paratroops into Chad from France and a French base in the neighboring Central African Republic is

less than a week. They brought with them and tank weapons and anti-aircraft guns and missiles and set up strong efensive positions in Ndjamena. in the city of Abeche, 400 miles to the east, and on the desert fringe at Salal, 220 miles north of the capi-

Their commander, Coloael Bernard Messana, stressed that the French forces would not take part in any offensive operations against the Lihyans and would remain in Chad strictly on a training assign-

Reporters in Ndjamena remained harred for the moment from visiting the advanced government positions or the strongpoints set up by the French, They were excluded even from the French

base in Ndjamena. Mr. Soumaila said Mr. Habre was planning soon to embark on "liberation" of the northern desert, but he hinted that the president fully realized he could not expect the French to participate in an offensive action.

■ More French Troops Sent

France sent more military advisers Monday to support Chadian forces building defense lines, Renters reported from Ndjamena. A French military spokesman in the capital confirmed press reports from Paris that more French troops were being dispatched to train government forces in the use of modern weaponry.

The French spokesman declined to say how many troops were en route, but informed sources said the French force could total 1,000 men hy the end of the week.

### "You wouldn't know from some That the greatest Nkomo Heads Home to Zimbabwe, Andropov Bringing a Plan for Reconciliation

LONDON - Zimbabwe's opposition leader, Joshua Nkomo, was flying home Monday from self-

imposed exile in Britain. Mr. Nkomo said earlier in the day that he had worked out propos-als to end the problems dividing Zimbabwe. He told a British radio interviewer that he would unveil the proposals Wednesday, when the Zimbabwean Parliament debates a government move to unseat

him because of his absence. Mr. Nkomo, 66, who fled March 13, asserting that Prime Minister Robert Mugabe's troops were tryistranon's show of force in the ing to kill him, said he had no President de la Madrid warned said he expected a reception suit-

desia, is the leader of the Zimba-bwe African People's Union and is supported by the minority Ndebele tribe. He was due to arrive in the capital, Harare, on Tuesday morn-

The Zimbabwean government failed twice this month to muster a parliamentary majority to expel him, and Mr. Mugabe followed op with a conciliatory public gesture.

Mr. Mugabe said Friday that Mr. Nkomo would not be jailed if the police prosecuted him on cur-rency and gem smuggling charges — which Mr. Nkomo has said are

Mr. Nkomo fled via Botswana after government troops of Mr. Mugabe's majority Shona tribe raided his home in Bulawayo, in his southern Matabeleland stronghold, and killed his driver.

Mr. Nkomo's fortunes have faded rapidly since independence in April 1980, which followed a sevenyear guerrilla war by ZAPU and Mr. Mugabe's Zimbabwe African National Union to end 90 years of white minority rule.

Like Mr. Mogabe, Mr. Nkomo was detained for 11 years — until 1975. — by the administration of the former prime minister, Ian Smith. Mr. Nkomo won only 20 of the 80 black seats in Parliament in pre-independence elections. Another 20 seats are reserved for whites under the British-devised peace and independence agree-

Mr. Nkomo described his second period of exile in Britain as "difficult." He first fled to London 24 years ago, when as the top nationalst leader, he sought refuge from

"A man of my age does not ex-pect to be away from his home," he

pers, all owned by a state-con-trolled trust, did not report Mr. Nkomo's Sunday announcement

Parliamentary sources in Harare said they doubted that the move to expel Mr. Nkomo would be pur-

### Asks Shakeup In Planning

By Dusko Doder

Washington Post Service MOSCOW -- President Yuri V. Andropov declared Monday that he intends to make comprehensive changes in the Soviet economy is the oext two years.

Speaking to a group of veteran Communist Party members, the Soviet leader asserted that previous attempts to rescue the economy from stagnation had failed becau were not vigorous enough" and "resorted to half-measures" that "could not overcome the accumulated inertia."

"Now we must make up for what we have lost," Mr. Andropov was quoted by Tass as saying. "This will demand, among other thiogs, changes in planning, management and the economic mechanism" it-

Mr. Andropov indicated that he intended to carry out economic reforms within the next two years by (Continued on Page 4, Col. 7)



A Chadian goatherd drives his animals past a French paratroopers' jeep in Ndjamena.

# PAGEL OR MOL

President Reagan listening to President Miguel de la Madrid Hurtado in La Paz, Mexico.

### Japanese Town Fights the Cigarette Waki Trying to Discourage Smoking 3 Days Each Month

By Clyde Haberman

New York Times Service WAKI, Japan - By latest count, there are 7,370 people in this town. and while no one knows how many of them smoke, it can safely be said that a few are not happy these days. Even less happy are the mer-chants who sell them their ciga-

Waki has taken a radical step by declaring three no-smoking days a month in a campaign that began in June. Tobacco is not prohibited outright, but its use and sale are strongly discouraged. Posters warn of a terrible future for those who persist in their cigarette habit.

The only actual ban on smoking occurs in municipal buildings in Waki. The campaign is intended to discourage smoking but if anyone actually goes ahead and puffs there are no penalties.

This campaign is no small undertaking in a country that may have more smokers per square foot than any other in the industrialized world. It had to be done, said Kiyoaki Yonemoto, Waki's mayor, who smokes two-and-a-half packs a day himself. "Everyone knows a day himself. "Everyone knows that now only 70.1 percent of Japathat heavy smoking is not good for see men smoke, the lowest peryour health."

The government lights show that heavy seals some tends, including Tokyo, forbid smoking in municipal offices.

Smoking has been banned in To-

In search of consensus, Mayor percent, compared with 35 percent Yonemoto summoned Wakr's 15 in the United States — but the tobacconists to a meeting. Only six percentage of Japanese women showed up, and not all of them smokers is rising. were pleased. Some told the mayor that if it was better public health \$11.1 billion on cigarettes last year, sake drinking or air pollution.

"Yes, it is true, those are also not accounting for nearly \$5 billion a good for your health," Mr. Yone- year, moto agreed. "But why not start with the easiest thing to do? This is story of cigarettes in Japanese life. only a voluntary campaign, and a Clouds of smoke hang everywhere, moderate one."

the owner of a grocery store near on loading docks and in corporate city hall whose income depends boardrooms. Emperor Hirohito. partly on cigarette sales. "No- who does not smoke, hands out body," she said as she sat in the specially manufactured imperial center of her store, "can stop you cigarettes to deserving subjects. from smoking."

with most Waki residents, but it gress. In 1966 the percentage has not made Mr. Yonemoto 2 uni-reached a high of 83.7. By compariversally liked man in this prosper-ous community on Japan's Inland men smoke, and 55.9 percent of the Sea, with petrochemical plants at French smoke.
one end and well-spaced bouses at Japanese women do not smoke in nearly those numbers - 16.2

All told, the Japanese spent that he wanted, he might have ze-roed in on other targets, such as military. For the government, tobacco is a big source of revenue.

Numbers tell only part of the in elevators and hallways, in res-That moderation did not placate taurants and on subway platforms,

Anti-smoking crusades have ris-New government figures show en in the last few years. Some cities,

#### INSIDE

■ Anti-Sandinist rebels appear concerned they are losing their role in U.S. policy. Page 3.

■ The anniversary of the end of World War II brought differing responses in Japan. Page 3.

■ Dangeons and Dragons, a fantasy game in the U.S., led to the suicide of their son, a couple charge in a lawsuit. Page 4.

**BUSINESS/FINANCE** ■ Stocks jump in New York on hopes for lower interest rates.

kvo department stores and theaters, and throughout the subway system signs urge commuters not to smoke on the platforms at certain hours. But the pleas are almost uni-

formly ignored.
In Waki, Mr. Yonemoto is opti-

grew out of a "health day" that the local prefecture had been holding one day a month, he said. When enthusiasm for the health days seemed to flag, he and other offi-cials devised the anti-smoking

drive to revive interest. Mr. Yonemoto said he has managed to cut his cigarette consumption to 30 a day, and that he will Smoking has been banned in To- soon try to break the habit entirely.

### Artists in N.Y. Gain Right to **Protect Works**

By Josh Barbanel

New York Times Service NEW YORK - Governor Mario M. Cuomo has signed legislation giving artists the right to sue when they believe that alterations made in their works have damaged

their reputations.

Under the legislacion signed Sat-urday, New York has recognized what France, Italy and West Germany have long regarded as the "moral right" of artists to protect their works through the courts.

The law was opposed by the major New York museums, including the Metropolitan Museum of Art and the Museum of Modern Art. It was supported by artists, some of whom complained that it did not go far enough.

Some experts said the legislation could result in litigation over how artworks are framed, how exhibitions are set up and how works are reproduced in catalogs.

Under the law, artists will have the right, during their lifetimes, to go to court to have their names disassociated from works that have (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

### As Rebel 'Libyan Puppet,' Goukouni Has Had Ins and Outs With Qadhafi

NDJAMENA, Chad - Goukouni Queddei, the rebel leader seeking to depose President Hissène Habré, has been labeled a "Libyan pupper" by his opponents.

But his relations with Libya over the years have seesawed, as has his battle against Mr. Habre, and Mr. Goukouni at one time attacked "Libyan imperialism."

The tacitum, nobly born Mr. Goukouni once said half-jokingly that the only book he had not read was Colonel Moamer Qadhafi's "green book" outlining the Libyan leader's socialist Islamie plans.

His friends describe Mr. Govkouni, 40, as a nationalist using Libya to regain power in Chad.

Like Mr. Habré, he is a northerner. But whereas Mr. Habre is the son of a poor shepherd, Mr. Goukouni is an aristocrat, the fourth son of the "derdei," spiritual leader of the northern Tibesti district. The derdei wields enormous

power among the deeply religious nomadic tribes of the north, and Mr. Goukouni, an ascetic, religious man of few words, has inherited some of this natural authority over In 1968, like many Moslem

northeners, Mr. Goukouni joined the Frolinat guerrilla movement seeking to end domination of postcolonial Chad by the Christian and

He and Mr. Habré fought in the same guerrilla group, and his first dispute with the man he is now seeking to overthrow came in 1976 when he expelled him from his

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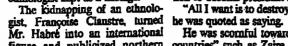


figure and publicized northern countries" such as Zaire, Senegal, Chad's demands for sharing power Gabon and the Ivory Coast, which with the southerners. Mrs. Claustre support Mr. Habre. was released in 1977 after the intervention of Libya.

The two men have remained bit-ter rivals. Yet Mr. Goukoum had but I dont want to name them all." once ceded the command of his guerrillas to Mr. Habre, arguing outlook if he returned to power, that he was better suited for the

In the mid-1970s, Mr. Goukouni revolutionary, "at the service of the had his first clash with Libya when liberation of Africa." he refused to recognize the annexation of the Aouzou strip, which contains many minerals, by Colonel Oadhafi

After the removal of President Felix Malloum, he became president of the Transitional Government of National Union, known as the GUNT, in November 1979.

As leader of a shaky coalition, Mr. Goukouni began a balancing act between Libyan and French pressures. Conscious of Colonel Oadhafi's territorial ambitions on Chad, he had at one point threat-ened to fight "Libyan imperial-

But eventually he accepted Libyan money and military hardware to neutralize Mr. Habre, his defense minister, who was seeking to gain total control in a new civil war stemming from deep distrust be-

At the end of 1980, Mr. Goukouni called in the Libyan Army to crush Mr. Habré's rebellion. In the battle of Ndjamena in

anuary 1981, street-by-street fighting left thousands dead, and the capital was partly destroyed.

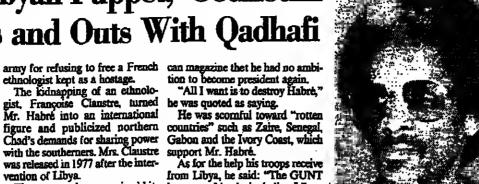
The Libyans had fulfilled their military mission but refused to finance the reconstruction, so Mr. Goukouni went to Paris to meet President François Mitterrand in October 1981.

On his return, he stunned his countrymen by demanding and ob-taining the withdrawal of Libyan

oops. Mr. Habré later came out of refnge in Sudan to lead his forces in a campaign climaxing in June 1982 with the defeat of Mr. Goukouni's forces and Mr. Habre's assumption of the presidency.

So Mr. Goukouni once again had to turn to Libya for help. In June, his troops, heavily supported by Libya, launched the offensive that has given them control over half

After his forces first conquered the northern government strong-hold of Faya-Largeau in June, Mr. Goukouni told a Paris-based Afri-



Goukouni Oueddei

### In Pakistan, Explosions And Protests Reported

Asked about Chad's political

Mr. Goukouni replied that the

country would be progressive and

KARACHI, Pakistan -Two exlosions were reported Monday at the office of a pro-government organization, and opposition leaders were arrested as scattered protests against martial law continued in

The explosions Sunday night rocked an office of the Support Zia Movement, an unofficial group backing President Mohammad Zia ul-Haq, in the town of Dadu 200 miles (320 kilometers) north of Karachi, opposition sources said Monday. One person was reported to have been seriously injured, but there was no official confirmation.

In Karachi, attempts to hold a large demonstration were headed off when police arrested Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi, president of the Sind province branch of the banned Pakistan People's Party of former Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto. Mr. Bhutto was executed by General Zia's regime after he was tried for conspriacy in a murder case.

Mairaj Mohammed Khan, president of the National Liberation Front, was also arrested in Karachi along with four women who had waved anti-government placards.

Mr. Jatoi had gone into hiding after addressing a rally in Karachi on Sunday at the start of a civil disobedience movement begun by the Movement for Restoration of Democracy, an alliance of eight banned political parties.

The movement said 200 people crats, Only were arrested when about 20,000 the Greens. turned out in Karachi on Sunday, Pakistan's 36th anniversary of in-

tions and parliamentary rule. General Zia, who ended parliamentary democracy in 1977 when he deposed Mr. Bhutto, announced

Friday a plan for a return to civilian rule with general elections by March 1985. The elections would lead to a system giving sweeping powers to the president, but the Movement

1973 constitution. five local Pakistan People's Party leaders trying to start a protest

Neither opposition nor government sources could immediately give the total of people detained.

### Pope Ends Lourdes Visit By Consoling the Sick

By Henry Kamm New York Times Service

LOURDES, France - Pope John Paul II concluded Monday his two-day pilgrimage to this shrine, to which thousands of Roman Catholic invalids flock from all over the world in the hope for miraculous cures, with a ceremony of consolation for the sick.

Speaking at the grotto where in 1858 the 14-year-old Bernadette Soubirous experienced 18 apparitions that the Roman Catholic Church accepts as appearances of the Virgin Mary, John Paul addressed a large group of men and women in wheelchairs, on stretchers and in other conveyances for the invalid or enfeebled.

"Suffering is always a reality, a reality of a thousand faces," the

The pope, who two years ago survived an assassination attempt at St. Peter's Square in Rome, exhorted sufferers to accept their in-firmities as a "special mission," an "interior liberation" that enables them to lose themselves in divine love "for the sake of humanity."

But, speaking from a wheelchair, Marguerite Crampes of the Catholic Committee for the Sick and Handicapped argued against too facile an acceptance of the idea that

Christian words, we often find in them reasons to become bitter, to revolt," she said while the pope knelt in front of the statue of the Virgin in the grotto. "The believer knows that suffering has no value in itself, that it is an evil; it blindly

Miss Crampes spoke out against those who consign the ill and invalid to secondary stations in secular or religious life.

"Limited in our action, we want to participate; we are capable of taking initiatives," she said. The pope listened intently, sometimes evidently praying silently as she

All day Sunday and Monday, Lourdes, a small town in the foot hills of the Pyrences, was aster with invalids from all continents being carried by volunteer stretcher-bear-ers, pushed in wheelchairs or aided by relatives or friends to the ceremonies at which the pope officiated

In all his speeches Monday, which was the Feast of the Assumption, the day on which Ro-man Catholics believe the Virgin was taken bodily into heaven, the pope devoted himself to the cult of Mary, a theme particularly close to Polish believers."

Though the cult of the Virgin Mary is an obstacle to ecumen the pope also offered "cordial greetings to those who, without being Catholics, share the Chris-tian faith," and he expressed the desire "to pursue actively the way

He also wished for "harmony and collaboration among Christians, Jews and Moslems, in order to fight prejudice that should he

The pope returned to Rome on Monday night. Next month he will visit Austria to celebrate the 300th anniversary of the defeat of the Moslem armies of Turkey at the gates of Vienna.

member of the North Atlantic

Treaty Organization compared with 10.8 percent who found alli-ance membership "bad."

Conversations with many young

West Germans leave no doubt that

the advent of the Reagan adminis-tration and discussions in Wash-

ington about a limited nuclear war

in Europe have acutely sharpened

Why do you need an army in Ger-

Such deep anti-U.S. feelings are

"After the war, the Americans

pharmacy student in Bonn. "I am

persuaded that if the American

were not here, sooner or later the Russians would take their place."

Miss Assenmacher said that she

unlike others, did not believe Mr.

"But he is perhaps as unlikely to compromise as the Russians," she

been modified without permission

where "damage to the artist's repu-tation could result." In addition, damages could be awarded or the courts could order a halt to actions

that artists object to.

The law also gives artists the right to claim authorship of works of fine art, including the right to have the artist's name appear when

a work is displayed or reproduced. ft specifically protects the owner of an artwork from being sued over

any changes caused by the aging of the work, protects reasonable con-servation efforts and bars chal-lenges because of changes in repro-

ductions that are the ordinary

result of printing processes. An exception is made in each case for "gross negligence."

The law gives protection to all works of fine art displayed or published in the extent including account.

lished in the state, including repro-ductions, and to prints and photo-graphs available in limited

editions. It takes effect Jan f and

applies only during the lifetime of the artist.

Richard N. Gottfried, a Demo-

crat from Manhattan who spon-

sored the bill in the state Assembly,

said that in the past, artists had no legal redress when their creations

were "mutilated" by their owners

He cited a black and white mo-

bile by Alexander Calder, dis-

played at Pittsburgh Airport, which

was turned into a stationary sculp-ture and repainted in the city's offi-

cial colors, gold and green.
Ashton Hawkins, vice president,

secretary and counsel to the Metro-

South Baketz, USA

and continued to be displayed.

said Claudia Asse

### WORLD BRIEFS

mi.

Bonn Is Firm on U.K., French Arms

BONN (AP) - The West German government Monday reiterated its opposition to including British and French missiles in U.S.-Soviet negotiations on reducing intermediate-range nuclear weapons in Europe. The government was responding to a demand by the parliamentar opposition that Bonn change its stance because of a U.S. congression research committee study. The study said that British and French mission should be included in the talks under the 1949 NATO treaty signed?

"The federal government will not, as the opposition demands today urge the U.S.A. to include the British and French systems in the INF negotiations," a government spokesman, Jürgen Sudhoff, said. He called the missiles "strategic systems" that could be included in the separate U.S.-Soviet strategic arms talks in Geneva.

### Soviet Says Runaway Will Go Home

WASHINGTON (AP) — An official of the Soviet Embassy, insisting there is no need to talk with U.S. officials first, said Monday that a Soviet diplomat's son who may want to defect will return to the Soviet Union Vladimir Mikoyan, a press officer. said: "There is no legitimate right to within the grounds of the sanctuary, at the grotto or in the vast
basilica.

Viacumir Mikoyan, a press officer, said. Indie is to regularize tight to
keep the boy in this country." He said the boy, Andrei Berezhkov, 16,
would return home but refused to say when. Mr. Mikoyan said Sovier,
officials would not give in to demands of U.S. officials that they be

allowed to interview the youth. He refused to say where the youth is, The Soviet Embassy reported to the State Department on Wednesday that the youth was missing but later said he had returned home. Letters signed with the boy's name were received Thursday by the White House and The New York Times. The letter to the newspaper said: "I hate my country and it's rules and f love your country.

#### Russian Scientist Defects to Norway

OSLO (Reuters) — A Russian geologist who was part of a group of Soviet scientists working in Norway's Svalbard archipelago has defected, a Norwegian official said Monday. The geologist's name was withheld. Carl Wendt, the governor of Spitsbergen, one of the islands in the Arctic Ocean group, said the Russian approached him Saturday and was brought to Oslo by special plane over the weekend.

Mr. Wendt said the police were questioning the scientist, who is thought to be in his 30s. No information was available on whether he his requested political asylum in Norway or elsewhere.

requested political asylum in Norway or elsewhere.

### Talks Starting on EC Farm Supports

BRUSSELS (Reuters) - Officials from European Community conn tries will begin detailed technical talks Tuesday about proposals for

changes in the community's farm support policies.

The officials will debate the EC Commission's latest plan for curbin farm spending, which consumes two-thirds of the community's budget. The commission presented plans last month calling for lower subsidies for those agricultural products in greatest oversupply, combined with

The talks, and a separate meeting to discuss ways to make the community's social and regional funds more effective, are part of preparations for a meeting of the EC Council of ministers on Aug. 30.

### U.S. Airline Starts Replacing Strikera

HOUSTON (AP) — Continental Airlines began hiring "permanent replacements" Monday for striking mechanics who failed to heed the strikine's warning to return to their jobs, a spokesman said.

"Strikers haven't been fired," said Bruce Hicks, spokesman for the nation's eighth-largest air carrier. Instead, he said, their names would be placed on a list that could make them eligible to be rehired if vacancies

Mr. Hicks would not say how many jobs were being filled or where the hirings were taking place. He said, however, that a "substantial number" of mechanics had crossed picket lines Monday. The strike, which began Saturday, has forced the airline to halt service to 17 cities.

#### Curlews Set in Nigeria After Deaths LAGOS (Reuters) - Curfews were set in three Nigerian states Mon-

day after deaths were reported in violence in western regions over alleged ballot-rigging in the election of governors.

Police said at least seven people were killed in the state of Oyo during

the voting Saturday. The other states were Ondo, bordering on Oyo, and Palteau, in the center of the country. Ten more deaths were reported by the press or politicians in western states, but police have not confirme.

The incumbent Oyo governor, Bola Ige, of the opposition Unity Party of Nigeria, alleged in a television broadcast Sunday that electoral officials planned to award victory in the state to the candidate of President Shehu as Party of Nigeria. He warned of furi he termed "false results" were announced in his state.

#### **Ethiopian Rebels Hold 10 Swiss**

KHARTOUM, Sudan (AP) — Rebels opposed to the Soviet-backed Ethiopian military regime are holding 10 Swiss relief workers who were working in an area of Wollo province overrun by guerrillas this month, a

rebel spokesman said Monday.

Yamani Kidane, a spokesman for the Tigre People's Liberation Front, said his group has been in touch with Terre des Hommes, a Swiss-based charitable organization, to arrange to hand over the 10 Swiss citizens to the group's representatives inside Ethiopia.

"All their projects and equipment are intact, we are not demanding anything, we don't need any negotiations," Mr. Kidane said in an interview here. "Let their people come and pick them up. It's a war zone

#### Artists' Rights Taipei Studies Report on Panda Skins TAIPEI (AP) — Taiwan has launched a investigation of a local company that the Sunday Times of London said was selling giant panda (Continued from Page 1)

skins. There are fewer than 1,000 giant pandas in the wild, almost all in China, where they are regarded as a national treasure.

Lu Tu-yao, a director of the Board of Foreign Trade, said Monday that the inquiry would focus on how the skins were imported from China, since Taiwan companies are prohibited from trading with China. Those who import goods made in China risk seven years in prison.

The Sunday Times reported that the Ruey Pin Trading Co. had been selling panda skins from China since December. The newspaper said the trade came to light after a museum in Birmingham, England, received an offer from Taipei and sent a photocopy to a London-based consequence. offer from Taipei and sent a photocopy to a London-based conservation group, the Flora and Fanna Society.

### Reopening of Beirut Airport Is Set BEIRUT (AP) — The government and its Druze opponents agreed Monday on the reopening of the Beirut airport after a six-day closure because of Druze shelling.

A statement issued in Damascus by the Progressive Socialist Party of the Druze leader, Walid Jumblatt, gave assurance that Druze militiamen in the central mountains southeast of the airport would not shell the field.

"We appeal to the airport staff to resume work, and we guarantee their safety and that of the airport," the statement said. Beirut radio stations quoted Public Works Minister Pierre Khoury as saying, "It was decided in principle to allow airline companies to resume their flights to and from Beirut International Airport."

### Israeli Cabinet Supports Military Cuts JERUSALEM (Reuters) — The cabinet agreed Monday night to cut the military budget over the next two years, paving the way for an economic ansterity program, a senior minister said. Deputy Prime Minister David Levy said that the cut, amounting to 16

Deputy Prime Minister David Levy said that the cut, amounting to 16 billion shekels (\$300 million), had been agreed to by the finance and defense ministers, although the Treasury had sought a 20-billion-shekel cut. The Bureau of Statistics said the consumer price index rose in July by 6.3 per cent, pushing the annual inflation rate to 125 percent.

Defence Ministry officials said the cuts would not affect the combat

fitness of the army, navy or air force. They said that building of new installations would be cut back and that some supply units would be reduced in size.

#### For the Record

VIENNA (Renters) — Yitzhak Shamir, the Israeli foreign minister, arrived Monday in Bucharest on an official visit, the official Romanian press agency Agerpres reported. Romania is the only Soviet bloc country that has diplomatic relations with Israel.

PARIS (AP) — The driver of a car carrying South Yemeni diplomatic plates was killed Monday in Paris in an explosion and fire that occurred after the vehicle's engine was started, the police said. The victim has not been identified, but police sources said the car apparently belonged to the charge d'affaires at the South Yemen Embassy.

#### Correction

A United Press International picture caption in Friday's International.

Herald Tribune incorrectly identified an Anglican archbishop, Walter
Paul Khotso Makinun of Botswana, as Philip A. Potter, general secretary
of the World Council of Churches. The caption also incorrectly described
Dr. Potter as a Methodist bishop. He is a Methodist minister.

#### suffering was necessarily a hless-ing, as expressed in "God tries those whom he loves." for Restoration of Democracy wants a return to the suspended "Far from being belped by Opposition sources also said that

march in Hyderabad and several other people were arrested Monday and their followers clashed with

### Germans Taking Cold Look at U.S.

(Continued from Page 1) the forefront of anti-missile demonstrations, dragging many Social Democrats along with them.

Eschelbach, a predominantly Roman Catholic village nestled in the Westerwald, is some distance from West Germany's industrial and cultural centers, in miles and in spirit, fts 700 citizens live mostly from light industry. In March, 306 of the village's 407 eligible voters cast ballots for the Christian Democrats and 86 for the Social Democrats. Only eight people voted for

On a recent evening in a local restaurant, 11 young people from

skilled workers or low-level state

mann, a 22-year-old student, using the German initials for the Federal Republic of Germany, "to put in weapons, to put in their missiles and to keep war as far away as possible from home."

ments: West Germany should many if you have your bombs and strive to he independent from the your Pershings?" United States, free of foreign troops and nuclear weapons. It should be neutral like Switzerland. natched, though, by other views. Klaus Blettenberg, 21, a purstayed here as a protecting power,

ssistant, countered: "If the American troops pulled out and the BRD still remained connected to the United States, f don't think the Russians would do anything."
Miss Thewalt, 21, a political science student at Bonn University,

"I think on the one hand we see ourselves as the ones who did it," she said. "And on the other hand f

ing of years have made the war remote. Already, World War II is on the verge of becoming "grandfather's war," not "father's war."

But shaking off the past has not meant the rekindling of nationalism Crimica well's about consistency.

Berlin, but none for Germany," said Beate Kockel, a 20-year-old from Frankfurt who is studying fashion design in West Berlin. "I feel more like a European."

Polls show that emotional support for the anti-nuclear movem is extremely strong. A survey by Forschungsgruppe Wahlen re-vealed that 64.7 percent of West Germans between the ages of 18 and 29 found the peace movement "necessary," compared with 14.3 percent who found it "unneces-

covers all existing artwork. It does not apply to commercial art pre-pared under commercial or to films. It



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### ADVERTISEMENT GOVERNMEN

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\* Complete confidentiality is

Consultations, discussions, deputations, and feasibility studies may not be necessary because every government already knows what must be achieved, and the World Government has already developed techniques to fulfil any

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\* The contract will be drawn up by a mutually acceptable international law firm in conjunction with an international bank.

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Jest in 15

strikes the innocent, the sick, the handicapped."

Eschelbach, aged 18 to 26, were able to accept the following proposition: Mr. Reagan's foreign policies are a danger to West Germany, threatening to embroil it in nuclear war. Two of the nine were university ty students. The others were semi-

"I think the United States is us ing the BRD," said Monika Alt-

"I have become really aggressive against the Americans," said Jutta Schmidt, 26, a political science stu-dent in West Berlin, "They have never had a war in their country. Others added similar senti-

chasing agent, objected to talk of a from V many, saying it would endanger the position of West Berlin and lead to an extension of Soviet influence in West Germany. But Iris Schaff, 18, an architect's

Reagan wanted a war. seemed to sum up the group's feel-ings about responsibility for World War II and its horrors. N.Y. Protects

think we see ourselves as the vic-tims of the war. I never really felt that we did it, that my parents did it or my grandparents did it. It was 'some people' who did it." Spotty instruction in school about the Nazi period and the pass-

weak sense of national pride.
"I have a national feeling for

sary."
The poll indicated thet 78.7 per-cent of the same group found it



politan Museum, said it feared that artists might oppose efforts to pre-serve their works, and that it could lead to frivolous lawsuits. Healin' West WALL DRUG

By William E. Schmidt

New York Times Service

shoot a beaver as look at it.

sticks.

# **Anti-Sandinist Rebels** Influence on New York Times Service TEGUCIGALPA, Hondaras — As the Reagan administration has between the Americans and the Salvadoran guerrillas, but not between the Sandinists and the Nicaraguan guerrillas. The Contadora group is made of Mexico, Panama; Venezy of Mexico, Pa

started to pay more attention to raguan guertillas.

The Contadora group is made up ill Go He they have lost their pivotal role in U.S. policy toward Nicaragua.

is that they are not being regarded the Sandinists to agree to creating a by the United States as a political multiparty democracy in Nicara-

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known to pass.

Since this spring, the scatters of the Nicaraguan Democratic Force

But in the weeks since July 19, the Nicaraguan Democratic Force when Daniel Ortega Sazvedra, the have said they plan to mobilize Nicaraguan junta's coordinator, their support in Nicaragua's cities. said his government supported pro-posals for international oegotia-tions, the United States has blunt-Guard colonel who directs the milied its anger toward use containing with greater backing for mediation in the region. ed its anger toward the Sandinists with greater backing for mediation in the region.

tary wing of the group, said 90 percent of Nicaraguans were dissatisfied with the Sandinists' rule.

There are signs that the insurgents have lost a degree of the sup- their rainy season offensive.

miliar with the Nicaraguans' opera-ambushing trucks and attacking tions, 400 Nicaragoan Army small military outposts. soldiers attacked an insurgent base In late May and early June, the camp near San Marcos de Colón, insurgents clashed with Nicarathrectric des three miles (4.8 kilometers) inside guan Army units in the El Por-

The Honduran government, ders Honduras, and, according to Mad complained to the Nicara were badly beaten. which for the previous two months several Western informants, they - - a la fatica to b . dents, said nothing,

On July 1, after President Reagan's special envoy to Central Kremlin Said to Send A PARTER. America, Richard B. Stone, flew to MiG Fighters to Laos - "D. GTER! fr der ge Bogotá and met Rubén Zamora, the negotiator for the Salvadoran guerrillas, the eight-man directorguerrillas, the eight-man director—BANGKOK — The Soviet Union has sent MiG-21 fighter Force appeared together for the first time in Tegucigalpa.

first time in Tegucigalpa. They held a news conference there to call for a negotiated settlement with the Sandinists and to cred a few months ago but they did protest what they called a double not know how many aircraft were

S. policy toward Nicaragns.

They say that their main concern

gnertillas were not fighting for a military victory but instead wanted

by the United States as a political force but merely as a military irritant in Nicaragua.

With 8,000 men under arms, the goal is to become the catalyst for earchier or catic Force depend on the United States for money and on Honduras for earchiery.

It is that the by the United States as a political force but merely as a military irritant in Nicaragua.

The guerrilla leaders say their goal is to become the catalyst for meternal pressure that will eventually prove so strong that the Sandinists will abandon Marxism.

A secondar moising, combined

The hostility of the two countries
toward the Sandinists has until
now given the insurgents a certain
gents say, will achieve the goal

Last month the insurgents began

on June 29, according to a West-ern diplomat and an informant fa-

planes to Laos to strengthen its air power, Western diplomatic sources

They said the planes were delivsent. The Bangkok Post newspaper Adolfo Calero Portocarrero, a earlier quoted a military intelliformer general manager of the gence source as saying 34 MiG-21s
Coca-Cola Co. plant in Managua, were included in a recent Soviet aid shipment to Laos.



Emperor Hirohito addresses memorial ceremony in Tokyo.

### Konald Reagan to call them "freedom fighters" and for the Honduran Army to exchange fire with the Nicaraguan Army to border areas through which the insurgents were known to pass. Worm six months. Although it is too early to predict the fate of the insurgents campaign, their current position makes their prospects appear question— AS Worr's Final Io Management and the insurgents were known to pass. As War's End Is Marked

TOKYO — Japanese leaders forgetting the lessons of the war.
marked on Monday the 38th anniversary of the end of World War II the Socialists, attacked Mr. Nakathan three million war dead. Opposition politicisms used the

occasion to decry what they contended was a return by Japan to

Abont 7,500 people, many of them elderly Japanese who lost re-atives during the war, gathered at Nippon Budokan hall shortly before noon for the memorial cere-A frail, dignified Emperor Hiro-

silence before he offered a prayer

It was 38 years earlier to the Japan's surrender in a radio broadcast, telling the nation that "the war situation has developed not

sone, a strong supporter of a Japa-nese defense buildup, also spoke at

vancement of Japan" while not sone in a separate ceremony that was held with labor groups, a party

spokesman said. Ichio Asukata, chairman of the Socialists, said Mr. Nakasone was "playing down the menace of war."

Conservationists Leave It to Beavers

Erosion Be Dammed, With the Help of Drafted Rodents

For decades, here and elsewhere, ROCK SPRINGS, Wyoming - cattle and sheep stripped wegeta-Like most ranchers, the people up non from the stream banks each Currant Creek would just as soon winter. High water the next spring would tear away at the banks, For years, the rodents had weakened by the absence of roots dammed the stream, flooded their and other vegetation that help hold

hay meadows and plugged their the soil together.
drainage culverts with mud and In some places, the creeks have Then, two years ago, the federal eaten into their banks by more than 50 feet since the early part of the government started trapping the

beavers and setting them loose at a century. site below the ranches where the Federal and state engineers and banks of the creek had been hadly private landowners in the West kilometers) away. have spent millions of dollars try-The beavers, using timber left at ing to stop erosion along the narstreamside by government biolo-gists, built a series of dams that arid sagebrush hills of the region.

slowed the swift creek, checking the They have built dams of concrete crosion that had turned the water and dams of wire mesh filled with brown with mud and had killed rocks. They have lined riverbanks much of the vegetation. with boulders. The creek began to back up in But as far as anyone knows, Mr.

shallow ponds that spilled over the Smith and his colleagues, Larry banks of the old channel.

Apple and Dick McCuistion, were banks of the old channel.
Willows and grass, good forage
for the cattle that use the creek the first to leave the dam-building to the beavers. banks for winter range, started to sprout amid the brittle clots of

The beaver project on Currant Creek is one of two being studied prickly greasewood. Trout returned by the federal land agency here in by the creek, and songbirds nested again along the marshy banks.

Many here have changed their the second on nearby Sage

Creek, has had similar results. Within three summers along the half-mile stretches of creek, the beavers have not only reversed the worst of the erosion but have also raised the level of the creek bed by several feet in some places, as silt carried by the current is deposited behind the dams.

In all, Mr. Smith estimates that creeks provide a vital source of wa-

cially control the environment," he the federal land agency has invested less than \$3,000 in materials and communent in running the project since he framed it six years ago. By contrast, a single dam along a small stream can cost from \$3,000 to \$100,000. The beavers peeded some belp in

getting started, since erosion along the two streams had denuded them of the kinds of heavier vegetation the animals normally use to build dams.

So Mr. Smith and Mr. Apple trucked in aspen logs thinned from a federal forest area 15 miles (24

In addition, along parts of Sage Creek, they strung old truck tires from bank to bank, as a foundation for the dams. Eight beavers were trapped and

released in the streams, and within months they had begun to slap sticks and mud atop the logs and tires, slowing the current and forcing it to spread out.

As it does so, the water table along the streams goes up, helping replenish the grasses and willows. Ultimately, the increased vegeta-

tion along the streams will most directly benefit cartle ranchers. who lease the federally owned lands to use as winter range for their berds.

It will also provide forage for deer and antelope, which roam wild over the desolate range, and crucial nesting areas for birds.

The project here has attracted attention throughout the Western streams like Currant and Sage



Beaver at work.

land and are vital to both livestock

In Utah, state game officials are planning to introduce beaver to help check erosion on a creek oortheast of Salt Lake City.

At the University of Wyoming, range scientists are studying the broader use of beavers as a tool to help check erosion.

According to Mr. Smith, erosion and a lowered water table no streams in southwest Wyoming have already destroyed more than 83 percent of the critical riparian neadow habitat that once flourished along the creek banks.

Though beavers still flourish throughout the arid West, their oumbers are small compared with the 18th century, when their abdance lured European trappers into the Rocky Mountain region to slaughter them for their rich pelts.

### GM Faces Suits, Car Recall as Fatalities Are Blamed on Brakes

By Richard Severo New York Times Service

hito, 82, once worshipped as a deity and embraced by Japan's militarists as a wartime rallying symbol, led the assembly in a moment of

"It still pains my heart to think of the many who fell during the war and their bereaved families," he said as he bowed before a large altar.

It was 28 more ending to the direction of Dec. 15. A witness said her brake lights suddenly went on, the car spun in crazy circles across State Highway 22 and was struck by a car headed in the other direction. Sha may follow

minute that Hirohito announced

after the U.S. atomic bombing of an oncoming car. Hiroshima and six days after the second A-bomb fell on Nagasaki.

ers, and both are said to have in-volved the unexpected locking of rear-wheel brakes in 1980 General design was faulty and whether GM when the Buick is worn out. Motors X-model cars.

minds about the beaver.

"It's just a matter of letting na-

ture take its own course," said Bruce Smith, a wildlife biologist

with the Federal Bureau of Land

Management and one of those who

devised the idea of using the bea-

"It's a lot cheaper and makes a

lot more sense that trying to artifi-

vers to help restore the stream.

NEW YORK -- Kathryn Tapp, chosen as the salutatorian of the class of '83 at Jackson Hole High School in Wyoming, was driving slowly toward town in a 1980 Chev-

direction. She was killed, In August 1981, 19-year-old Kim Sutton was driving home from a church service in Maryville, Ten-nessee, in her 1980 Buick Skylark. necessarily to our advantage." Suddenly, her car swang to the othersis 1945 address came nine days

Miss Sotton, a bank teller who econd A-bomb fell on Nagasaki. had been an honor graduate at her Prime Minister Yasuhiro Naka- high school, died of her injuries 12 days later. Both accidents occurred on slick

According to the federal government, which has filed a civil lawsuit to force GM to recall the cars, more than 1,740 owners of 1980 X-cars have complained about the sudden locking of rear brakes, resulting in 71 injuries and at least 15 deaths. At least eight individual lawsuits against GM are in preparation.

million of the 1980 GM X-cars, including about 240,000 that were recalled previously. That response is due Aug. 23. The company has said it felt the government's action was "unwarranted" and that it would contest the litigation "vigor-

Lawyers for the families of those the ceremony. He promised to roads, both involved people who killed say they are closely watching Kim's mother said that she and New York City strive for "world peace and the ad- were, by all accounts, careful driv- the government suit, which may her husband own a 1979 Buick and discuss the case.

design was faulty and whether GM officials knew of the design problem even before production of the cars started but did nothing be-

minute changes. "We still have oot decided whether there will be litigation," said Jerold Tapp, Kathryn Tapp's father, a former Chevrolet dealer.

cause of the expense in making last-

against GM are in preparation.

The company is preparing its response against the government's there has been negligence, the company ought to be penalized in some

Keith McCord, a Knoxville, Tennessee, lawyer representing the family of Kim Sutton, said he had definitely decided to file suit against General Motors, Mr. son, New York, whose husband McCord has retained an automotive engineering expert to check her

car's brakes.

when the Buick is worn out. "We ask ourselves, 'Is this car

" she said. "We can't help safe? but ask ourselves these questions, and our friends and relatives have wondered the same thing. It is hard to say if we would buy another GM car. We would think twice about it before we did."

Mrs. Sutton said that before the accident, her daughter had com-plained about the brakes pulling in a strange way and had occasionally been so bothered by it that she

asked her boyfriend to drive it. Most of those planning to sue have not decided on the amount of damages to seek. One lawsuit, brought by Irene Haskell of Garriwas killed in a 1980 Chevrolet Citation, seeks damages of more than \$10 million. Dirk Kuzmier, her

At least one class action was also reportedly being prepared in Phila-delphia, but details about it were

unavailable. A spokesman for the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, whose information was the hasis for the Justice Department's case, said the agency was now monitoring X-cars for years other than 1980 to make certain that the problem was not bigger than has been thought. The agency is also urging owners of General Motors X-cars

2 Colombian Stowaways Die

to keep records of repair bills.

BREMERHAVEN, West Geraways were found dead and two in serious condition in the cold storship, Pocahonias, after an 18-day New York City lawyer, refused to Atlantic crossing, a Bremerbayen port spokesman said Monday.



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As further proof of our commitment to make flying more pleasurable for them, we are proud to be the first airline in the Orient to take our Royal Executive Class and make it the premier class on board our A300 and DC8 regional routes throughout the region. What's more, it is available to passen-

gers paying just the full economy fare, or,

where applicable, a small surcharge.

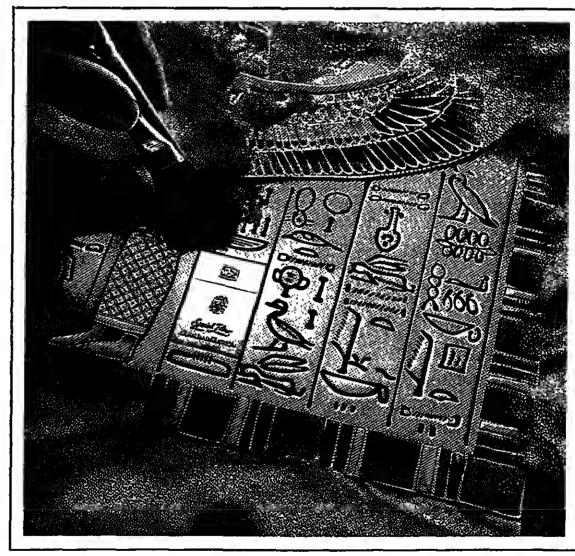
in Royal Executive Class you relax on seats normally reserved for first class passengers. Wider, more comfortable, with the leg

room to match. You also enjoy a choice of menus, free drinks, electronic headsets, comfort socks and a wide selection of magazines and

On the ground we offer speedy checkin at special counters and lounge facilities at many of the destinations we serve in the

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In the Orient fly Royal Executive Class on Thai. And enjoy the same high standards of service that passengers receive on our intercontinental flights across four continents.



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### U.S. Youth's Suicide Is Tied to 'Dungeons' Game

'Curse' Was Put on Teen-Ager by Fellow Student, Parents Allege in Lawsuit

"They might conclude that the Los Angeles said Ang. I that he

By Michael Isikoff Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - Irving Lee Pulling 2d was a high-school student who took an unusually keen interest in wars, science fiction and the popular fantasy game "Dun-geons & Dragons." His classmates were shocked when they learned that Mr. Pulling, 16, went home from school in Hanover County, Virginia, the day before final exams last year and shot himself in the

In its investigation, the local

By Peter Maass

Washington Post Service

shall Islands approach a long-awaited plebiscite, two judges have

said they plan to dismiss a portion

of the multibillion-dollar claims

filed against the U.S. government

by islanders who suffered personal

and property damage from ouclear

weapons tests conducted on the Pa-

The Marshall Islands, site of 66

U.S. atmospheric tests from 1946

to 1958, will vote Sept. 7 on wheth-

er to approve a Compact of Free Association with the United States,

ending the islands' 36-year trustee-

The voters will also decide

whether to accept a \$150-million

trust fund as restitution for the

The U.S. government has ac-knowledged that approximately

200 people were exposed to ouclear

fallout in a 1954 explosion, and

several thousand others suffered

personal or property damage as a result of the tests on the archipela-

The population of the islands is about 33,000.

Los Angeles and Washington could persuade some islanders to vote in favor of the compact and trust

fund, according to U.S. officials

Now, the judicial decisions in

WASHINGTON - As the Mar-

Investigators also found a bizarre suicide note that one said contained "unexplainable-type things" - mystical phrases that the police believed were references to the

Marshall Islands to Vote on U.S. Ties

trend is against them in the courts."

said James Berg, political adviser in

the government's Office of Micro-

Washington decision a "partial vic-

tory," because it allowed some of the claims to proceed, but acknowl-

edged that it could give the island-

ers "added incentive" to approve

The U.S. government asserts that

approval of the trust fund would

nullify all cases in U.S. courts seek-

ing damages from the tests. Law-yers for the islanders disagree.

In Washington, Judge Kenneth R. Harkins of the Court of Claims

told lawyers for both sides earlier

this month that he intended to dis-

miss all claims alleging that the U.S. illegally seized land to use for

However, Judge Harkins said he

would deny the government's mo-tion to dismiss claims alleging that

the government broke an implied

contract obligating it to take ade-quate care of islanders affected by

Of the several billion dollars in

damages being requested in the

claims, at least half were based on

the claim that the U.S. illegally

A federal district court judge in

took Marshall Islands property.

testing, according to court tran-

the compact and trust fund.

oesian Status Negotiations. A lawyer representing a group of Marshall islanders called the

sheriff's office found that Mr. Pullons" to be played as an "organized stress and emotional pressure" school activity." They have asked from playing "Dungeons & Dragons & Dragons Paraphernalia.

for \$1\$ million in damages and legal ons." expenses and interest on the \$1 million from the day of their son's death, June 9, 1982.

Hours before his suicide, the suit alleges, Mr. Pulling was playing "Dungeons & Dragons" at school Now, a year later, Mr. Pulling's when a "curse" was placed upon parents have filed a lawsuit against him by another player. This curse the principal of Patrick Henry was "intended to inflict emotional High School, alleging that he was distress" upon Mr. Pulling, the suit responsible for Mr. Pulling's death says, at a time when he was already by allowing "Dungeons & Drag- under "extreme psychological

would rule against a group of is-

landers seeking damages from gov-

ernment contractors associated

with the weapons testing program, according to government officials

U.S. officials contend that the

\$150-million trust fund, plus large

economic aid programs planned

for the islands, are reasonable an-swers to the troubling legacy of nearly four decades of U.S. control

Critics, however, say the trust

fund is less than what the islanders

The agreement, which guarantees an accumulated 18-year income of \$270 million, amounts to

The economic effects of the 37-

According to a General Ac-counting Office report issued in January, the Marshalls "have been

and remain dependent upon feder-

The Compact of Free Associa-

tion would grant the islanders do-

mestic sovereignty but would

charge the United States with "full authority and responsibility for se-

The focal point of the U.S. pres-

ence is a military base on Kwajelcin

It includes a range for testing such long-range missiles as the MX and is to remain in American hands

for at least 30 years, according to a

separate agreement unaffected by the plebiscite.

curity and defense matters."

roughly \$8,200 per islander.

year trusteeship are pervasive.

and lawyers for both sides.

over the islands.

The game was played in that

school," said Clyde Futrell, a snokesman for the Hanover Coun-Sheriff's Office. "They had a teacher who was the Dungeon Master' or whatever you call it."
Robert A. Bracey 3d, the principal of the high school, said that "Dungeons & Dragons" was "not part of the school curriculum," as the suit contends. Mr. Bracey refused further comment.

Mr. Bracey's lawyer, William Smith, said he would argue in court that school officials were immune from such lawsuits. No hearing date has been set in the case.

"Dungeons & Dragons," played by an estimated three million to four million people in the United States, creates an intricate fantasy world in which players take on the roles and mystical powers of mythiwizards, dwarfs and dragons, some of them borrowed from J.R.R. Tolkien's trilogy, "The Lord of the

Rings."
The game has received publicity in connection with several bizarre incidents and deaths in recent years, most notably the disappearance and subsequent suicide of a 17-year-old Michigan State University student who was said to be obsessed with the game.
Dieter H. Sturm, corporate pub-

lic relations director for TSR Inc., the Lake Geneva, Wisconsin, company that distributes "Dungeons & Dragons," dismissed suggestions that the game could in any way be linked to Mr. Pulling's death.

Mr. Storm noted that the game is used in many advanced school prons around the country and that the television personality Dr. Joyce Brothers, a psychologist, has been retained as a consultant by TSR to promote use of the game.

But one critic of "Dungeons & Dragons," Robert Landa, a lawyer for a California-based group called Sending America Light and Truth, said the news of Mr. Pulling's suicide "doesn't surprise me at all." He said, "Tve got stories you wouldn't believe about people who

have been victims of role-playing games like 'Dungeons & Dragons.' This game becomes a life-style that uses witchcraft and sorcery and black magic,"



Lech Walesa during a Mass in Gdansk on Sunday, the third anniversary of the strikes that gave birth to Solidarity.

### Polish 'Rehabilitation' Seen in Honecker Visit

BERLIN — The East German easing in the severe restrictions on Communist leader, Erich Hon- travel in both directions. In 1979. ecker, is to leave Tuesday for War- the last year for which figures were saw on a visit seen as signaling published, 5.4 million Poles came Poland's rehabilitation by the Sovito East Germany and 3.5 million

recently carried numerous positive suspended in October 1980, apparreports about Poland and coopera- ently because of fears by East Gertion between the two countries, in-dicating that the Warsaw leader from Poland after a wave of strikes ship is considered to have regained there led to the creation of Solidaricontrol of the country.

Mr. Honecker is the first bloc leader to go to Warsaw since the the Warsaw government for what it creation of the free trade union saw as a failure to combat the Solidarity, which prompted three union's challenge. years of political upheaval. West-ern diplomats in Berlin say they believe he has been ordered to make the visit by Moscow, to show the world that Soviet allies see Poland as firmly on the road to nor-

However, citizens of the two countries are unlikely to be con-

vinced unless the visit produces an East Germans went to Poland.

East German newspapers have Passport and visa-free travel was ty, which is now outlawed. East Germany later harshly criticized

Mr. Honecker would stay for three days and confer with the Polish Communist leader and prime minister, General Wojciech Jaruzelski. He is expected to be accompanied by a delegation of government and

Western diplomats in Warsaw say the trip could be the first of a series by East-bloc leaders, who failed to return visits that General Jaruzelski made to them after declaring martial law in December

The East German Commun Party daily, Neves Deutschland, in a space normally used for editorial ment, carried reports Monday from the Polish press praising bilateral cooperation. Mr. Honecker's visit was a further step in securing friendly relations, the newspaper

In the only reference to the recent strains, the Polish news agenapproved by Congress about two

The money was frozen in a ruling cent strains, the Polish news agenweeks ago to fulfill a U.S. judge's June 30 by U.S. District Judge Milorder that the government find ton L Shadur of Chicago, who said

S14.6 million to help desegregate he wanted to insure that the funds

Cooperation during the last two years, due, as is known, to Poland's internal difficulties, the prospects for development of cooperation between the two countries are very

> Trade between East Germany and Poland reached a peak in the mid-1970s, when Poland was committed to an outward-looking econ-omy based on foreign investment and fast growth, but has declined

The Polish deputy foreign trade. minister, Wladyslaw Gwiazda, said in a newspaper interview Monday that Poland was continuing to seek help from East Germany to compicte investment projects that were halted because of a shortage of

Poland has turned increasingly to its East-bloc partners for economic help and increased trade since Western credits began to dry up at the end of the 1970s and NATO states imposed economic

**■ Walesa Predicts Protests** The dissident labor leader, Lech Walesa, indicated Monday that he supports a call by the outlawed Solidarity organization for a work slowdown next week in factories and shippards, United Press Inter-national reported from Gdansk,

Returning to his job at the Lenin Shipyard after the first confronta-tion between the police and Soli-darity supporters since martial law was lifted, Mr. Walesa predicted that Poles would continue their protests until the Communist regime opens talks with members of

An anonymous group of Solidarof a leaflet calling for the action reportedly have been distributed to

shipyard workers since Friday.
"Their proposal," Mr. Walesa said, "is the only way ont of this morass we're in." Mr. Walesa, who spoke to reporters before he entered the shipyard at 6 A.M., avoided giving his explicit support to the illegal slowdown call.

Karmal Leaves Moscow

MOSCOW - President Babrak Karmal of Afghanistan left Moscow for Kabul on Monday after a monthlong vacation in the Soviet Union, Tass reported.

By N.Y. Publisher

### Cosmonaut Says Strain\* Marked Record Flight

Soviet Spaceman's Logbook Reveals Boredom, Tension With Colleague

and pined for his home and family. according to excerpts from his per-sonal diary published Monday.

The extracts in Pravda showed that Valentin Lebedev, the flight engineer, found most of the sevenmonth mission an intense strain that was relieved only by the fascination of watching Earth spin

Mr. Lebedev and Lieutenant Colonel Anatoli Berezovoy set a space endurance record between May and December of last year aboard the research station Salvut-

The cosmonaut's diary is full of entries such as "slept badly" or "could not get to sleep at all." At one point, half-way through the mission, he noted that fatigue had made Colonel Berezovoy and himself nervous and sensitive and that both had to make an effort to avoid losing their tempers. Such frank portrayal of the difficulties of life in orbit has been extremely rare in the Soviet Union, which tends to depict cosmonants as heroic, al-

most superhuman figures.

Television news film invariably shows cosmonauts smiling and declaring that all is well on their

But Mr. Lebedev revealed in his diary that he badly missed his family and after three months on board as longing to return home.
"Only in two months will I be

able to even think about or hope for our landing," he wrote in August. "Will I ever really be back on Earth among my family, and will everything really be fine again?" He noted that time passed slowly

on board the cramped space station and that the only way to ease the frustration was to stare out of the craft's portholes and stare at the beauties of Earth beneath them.

Mr. Lebedev said that the arrival of two visiting space crews was at first viewed with apprehension as he and Colonel Berezovoy feared that they would disrupt the delicate working relationship built up be-

Initial resentment toward the A MOSCOW - A Soviet cosmo- newcomers was reflected in one naut who spent a record 211 days in entry that said: They won't get space slept badly much of the time any of our food. We think they will have to bring their own."

But once they were on board, the visitors apparently provided welcome company and some light re-

Mr. Lebedev said that a French cosmonaut, Jean-Loup Chrétien, part of a three-man team who spent a week on board in June, played tricks on other crewmen by donning a mask and sneaking up behind them.

The Soviet spaceman said that food was one of the problems of life on board. He and his partner enjoyed the pre-packed soups but dis-liked the desserts, canned goods and special bread supplies they

Hygiene was another difficulty. They had to clean their teeth with their fingers, and the only means of washing was a wipe-down with a cold wet towel, he said.

Mr. Lebedev's account of the hardships on Salvut-7 was seen by some Western analysts as reflecting a general effort to give a more truthful picture of Soviet space

A report published last week described how a craft bringing a new crew to the station in April nearly crashed into it before the mission was aborted.

But the selection of entries from Mr. Lebedev's diary also appeared to reflect the new political realities in the Soviet Union.

Although the cosmonant stressed many times that he and Colooel Berezovov were kept up to date on events at home, there is no entry published marking the announcement of the death of President Leonid L Brezhnev or his fu-

At the time, a message of condolences from the two spacemen was given great prominence by official news organziations. But the name Brezhnev is not mentioned at all in the Pravda version of Mr. Lebe-

### Andropov Demands Shakeup in Planning

(Continued from Page 1) saying that "we are obliged to make the Siberian Division of the Acadesuch changes in order to enter the my of Sciences in Novosibirsk. An new five-year period, so to say, interview with Mr. Volgin and exnew five-year period, so to say, interview with Mr. Volgin and exfully armed." The new five-year carpts from his book appeared in span is due to begin in 1986.

serted that economic adjustments reached the United States, were "inevitable," Monday night's "Conferences often s statement by Mr. Andropov was the most explicit on the subject and made it plain that all facets of this command economy are to be changed or adjusted, including the system itself.

It was particularly significant that Mr. Andropov, 69, made his laugh is frowned upon or even cut speech before the party veterans, off, watch out!" Mr. Volgin says. who comprise one of the groups most resistant to changes. Veterans, or party members with more than 30 years tenure in the organization, account for nearly onefourth of members of the ruling

Central Committee. He complained about the younger generations where "instances of parasitism, passivity in one's work and in the Soviet life, and lack of discipline" have become "conspic-

Mr. Andropov said youth should be educated in Communist ideals but conceded at the same time that the new generations might see things differently. The young generations is not foreign to ours, it is just different," he said.

■ New Enemy: Meetings Earlier, Theodore Shabad of The New York Times reported from New

Moscow's drive for greater productivity in industry has centered renewed interest on a persistent scourge of the Soviet economy the daily business meetings.

A recent Soviet book on conference etiquette finds that meetings are too frequent, too long and poorly prepared.

The message of the book's an-thor, Boris N. Volgin, conveyed

with a verve that is a far cry from the plodding style common to

Mr. Volgin's book, titled "Busiand Organization of Industrial ed.

Production, which is attached to the June issue of EKO, a monthly Although he has repeatedly as- journal of the institute, which has

of intense activity when, in fact,

nothing happens." "If the mood is deadly serious. and any attempt at a joke, smile or

the mineral water and soft drinks that, together with the omnipresent green felt cloth, have for years been standard equipment on Soviet con-

ference tables. "One glass of tea," the author contends, "lifts mental capacities by 10 percent within three-quarters of an hour, and at the height of the surge exceeds by three times any effect that might be derived from

If meetings simply cannot be avoided, Mr. Volgin said, participants must at least be allowed to speak. The executive must be on

guard against any sign of conform-ism, Mr. Volgin said, and encour-age others to voice their ideas. Commenting on the widespread Soviet practice of convening con-

ferences in the manager's own wellappointed office, Mr. Volgin says: That may be just fine for him. but hardly for those being invited in. The very setting underscores differences in status."

Practice Bomb Hits U.S. Ship United Press Internal

CHARLESTON, South Carolina — The U.S. guided missile deity activists has urged a work slowmuch Soviet writing, is: Avoid
down from Aug. 22 to Aug. 31
meetings whenever possible, but if
unless the government backs down.
they absolutely must be held, get
the maximum benefit out of them.

Mr. Volsin's book titled "Brain. ing a target sled in the Central ness Conferences," has been publi- Ionian Sea, the navy disclosed cized by the Institute of Economics Monday. No injuries were report-

### Swiss Troops Turn UN Headquarters Into Fort for Palestine Conference

GENEVA — Swiss troops began laying rolls of barbed wire around the United Nations' European headquarters Monday in preparation for the conference on Palestine in two weeks. It was the first time Swiss soldiers or barbed wire had been seen on

the grounds of the Palais des Nations, built for the pre-war League of Nations and respleadent with trees, flowers and peacocks. The detachment of troops was barricading the 4.7-kilometer (2.9-mile) perimeter of the Palais des Nations, which is UN extraterritorial property. Even past summit conferences did not rate such precan-

The Swiss authorities are limiting each delegation to two body-guards, who may carry handguns if their governments obtain written permission from the Geneva police. But guns are being banned from the conference site itself, which is in a new wing of the Palais des

"We have already prepared a special room outside the conference hall where guns must be checked in," a security official said.

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#### Reagan Assailed on School Bill Veto tion, which operates the nation's children accounted for 90 percent third largest school system, said, of the enrollment in the schools "It is absolutely ironic that Reagan that would have received aid. By Robert Pear

New York Times Service

advocates and Chicago school onicials have denounced President that's where he chooses to anRonald Reagan's veto of a bill that nounce he is vetoing a bill to help desegregation committee. "Kids would have provided \$20 million to Hispanic and black children in who are the most in need of help are the most hurt by the president's advocates and Chicago school offi-

They said Sunday that the veto showed a disparity between the president's actions and his recent mitted to civil rights, education and

Robert C. Howard, special coun-sel to the Chicago Board of Educa-

Chicago schools this fall. Pending resolution of the case, the judge

veto Saturday, said he acted to and provide funds" to help.
keep judges from usurping the The Reagan administration has power of appropriating money that belonged to the legislative branch. as a model of how to integrate

WASHINGTON — Civil rights is down there campaigning for sup-divocates and Chicago school offi-port of Hispanics in Texas, and board member and chairman of its

The bill Mr. Reagan vetoed was action."

would be available if needed in Chicago. Under a 1980 consent defroze \$55 million allocated for oth- cree between the city and the U.S. er education programs across the government, Chicago agreed to take steps to desegregate its schools Mr. Reagan, who announced his and the government agreed to "find

Of the 435,800 students in Chi- urban schools without mandatory cago public schools, Mr. Howard busing. But it has opposed court said, 61 percent are black, 20 percent are Hispanic, 16 percent are gation by financing the upgrading of education in black and Hispanic





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### ARTS/LEISURE

### Grandes Dames Find Fame in Film

By Nan Robertson Hew York Times Service

Tellected The Policies of the Policy of the by plucked from their private lives, have left we their private lives, have left we their marks on "Zelig," Woody Allen's latest hit their round by movie.

The first does it in a matter of moments, in a

single scene. A broadcaster is seated on a some trying to charm a birdlike woman with piercing dark eyes. "What's it like to raise a medical genius?" he coos at the mother of Dr. Eucher the psychiatrist who has succeeded in Thatcher the psychiatrist who has succeeded in The first does it in a matter of moments, in a Fletcher, the psychiatrist wno nas successful can loop the giving Woody Allen's "chameleon man" in "Zeman learnest lig" a personality of his own. The mother turns man being the lig" a personality of his own. The momer mans that he has been assert beam gaze on the intruder and, in a few sharp words about how nasty her daughter and that sharp words about how nasty her daughter and that sharp words about how nasty her daughter and that sharp words about how nasty her daughter and that sharp words about how nasty her daughter and that sharp words about how nasty her daughter and that sharp words are now to an and water and the movie audience to helpand samples her husband really were, purveines to helpless laughter.

Putchan Who is she? Her name is Jean Trowbridge who is she? Her name is Jean arowanage and his pune and she is not a professional actress at all, as the punched something critics believed. She is the 80-year-old widow of an Episcopal minister, and until the movie she hadn't spoken a line that wasn't her own since Apple she graduated from Smith College in 1922.

"She's the funniest thing in the film," says She's the runness using in the limit, says from their tends and the only like an arrow of the only like as the Dr. Endora Fletcher of today, Mia Faras the Dr. Endora Fietener or way, as the Dr. Endora Fietener or way, as the Said row grown old. She, too, is not a professional

Salvant d: Trowbridge has not yet seen nersta in an included a seen seed in the finishes summering in Maine and before her see of Some a questions about "Zelig." In real life, she is 90 accounts of nember: On the telephone in Maine Trowbridge has not yet seen herself in her pounds of pepper: On the telephone in Maine the first words out of her were, This is ridicu-

ation in April She She was finally persuaded to tell how Woody

Therefore the man should be a man desperate talent scont asken, so your smoth-So-year-old who count pray was a series follows at the country of the country of

Trowbridge was recuperating from a spinal operation and is still only allowed to lie flat or times that he walk, sitting for short periods. But she was game working for the experience. She is a "terrific" Woody at home the care "Journd" his "Take the Monof home ther Allen fan, she says, "loved" his "Take the Monmarking to ey and Rum," has committed lines from "Annie the death of h Half" to memory and thinks Allen is a true Breshne or he gentleman in person.

But she found, while on location at the Rockefeller family estate in Pocantico Hills,

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#### Record Crowds for Manet Show United Press International

PARIS - An exhibition of the works of Edouard Manet drew more visitors than any previous show of paintings in France, it was announced here. The exhibition, which opened April 23 and was extended by a week to close Ang. 8, drew 780,000 visitors, or an average daily attendance of 8,573, according to a statement by the Grand Palais museum. The gallery bookshop sold 76,000 catalogs during the exhibition. According to officials of the National Museums directorate, only the six-month showing in 1976 of the treasures of King Tutankhamen drew larger crowds.



New York, that "being in a movie is the slowest, most tedious, most exhausting thing I've ever Garrison and Trowbridge are really wonderful." Garrison's son, Lloyd, said his mother hadn't Woody Allen," she told her doctors.

She never told Allen about the aftermath, however. "I got \$350 for my bit part," she said over the telephone. "I took the money and ran."
Herold, also a Smith graduate, said the energetic octogenarian was captivating to know.
"She's got a great career ahead of her as an actress," the scout said. But Trowbridge says she is busy enough with her three children, 13 grandchildren and one great-grandchild, "It's my first and only film, and my last," she said. "I'll admit I'm a ham, always was. I did a lot of stage acting at Smith and I was the song leader at my reunions there. Would you like to hear the

Without further ado, and in a voice that never Allen for the world. He's sweet." wavered, she swing into "Oh, we were beautiful" So far their unexpected participation in "Zedolls, way back in "22; the clothes we wore lig" has not second to affect their lives drasticalwould give Dior a fright; the stag lines staggered ly. But as more and more thousands see "Zelig,"

As for Ellen Garrison, Herold characterized bridge and Garrison may become two famous her as "very authoritative and at ease in front of faces of 1983.

scene was shot, and she was taken once more to appeared in a play "since she took a speara hospital on a stretcher. "Charge it up to carrying role in some archaic vehicle at Bryn

> In life, as on film, Garrison is aristocratic in manner, mien and voice. A New Yorker born and bred, she is a descendant of John Jay, first chief justice of the United States. His portrait, a huge copy of a Gilbert Stuart, dominates the living room of her Upper East Side apartment. She has been married since 1921 to Lloyd K. Garrison, a distinguished lawyer and scion of another celebrated American family. She was discovered through a friend at the Cosmopolitan Club who knew Juliet Taylor, the casting Unlike Trowbridge, Garrison said: "I never go to the movies." Then she looked stricken.

> Promise you won't tell. I wouldn't hurt Woody one of Allen's more acclaimed films, both Trow-

### Ethnic Joke Books Are Booming in U.S.

By Edwin McDowell

New York Times Service NEW YORK — Racial and ethnic jokes have landed in force on U.S. bookshelves under the imprint of such major paper-back publishers as Ballantine Books, Bantam Books and Pocket Books. But even as the once-taboo volumes have begun to scale the best-seller lists, social historians are deploring them as a reflection of declining standards.

"All these terribly tasteless, disgusting books and films represent a breakdown of decency and of standards of taste," said the Pulitzer Prize-winning historian Barbara W. Tuchman

Publishers think critics are taknot interested in making any grand statements about American culture, but the books seem to have struck a chord because they are ling, and we haven't gotten any letters of protest," said Sandy Bodner, a spokesman for Ballantine, publisher of two best-selling

collections.

Both "Truly Tasteless Jokes," published last year by Ballantine, and "Truly Tasteless Jokes Two," published recently, include chapters about blacks, Jews, Poles and white Protestants, as well as jokes about homosexuals, the handicapped and the hlind.

The jokes are typically a paragraph or two in length. They use slang and often are filled with sexual references. They frequently employ ethnic and racial epithets. And the punch lines commonly depict members of minority groups as shiftless or stupid, or as connivers

Both collections are on the mass-market best-seller lists of The New York Times, Publishers Weekly and The Washington Post. "Truly Tasteless Jokes" has been on the Times list for 20 weeks.

"Any books that sell this well have to appeal to everyone," said Sally Neal, the mass paperback hu-mor buyer at B. Dalton, a nation-wide U.S. book chain. They also inevitably spawn imitators. Already out or about to be published are such books as "Gross Jokes," 'Outrageously Offensive Jokes' and "The Complete Book of Ethnic

Most of the writers of the books use pseudonyms. Both volumes of Truly Tasteless Jokes" are attributed to Blanche Knott. The author of "Outrageously Offensive Jokes" is listed as Maude Thickett.

Critics have reacted for a variety of reasons. There is a lot to make fun of, but not the foibles of human beings who have already suffered a lot," said John Hope Franklin, the James B. Duke Professor of Histo-

be coming to grips with the dignity secure in their roots." of the human spirit, not embarrassing or shaming whole groups of people. The success of these so-called joke books is a sad testament come a respectable form of American Frequently these are close calls." to the taste of this country."

Jacqueline G. Wexler, president it's the most wholesome thing in the world when ethnic groups laugh at themselves. But it's dangerous when someone else does it to you. because almost always there's an element of denigration."

The writers have a different in-terpretation. "When 1 published my first collection of Polish jokes 10 years ago," Larry Wilde said, "a ing the books too seriously, "We're Polish-Americao oewspaper warned its readers in headlines not to buy the book; they said it was

> Wilde has since turned out 28 other joke books, including volumes on Italians, Jews and the Irish. He has written several volumes of Polish jokes, including the recently published "The Absolote-ly Last Official Polish Joke Book," any but the first one.

When "All in the Family" first appeared on television, Wilde said, there were debates in churches and to do more than denounce the in the press about the propriety of the racial epithets it used. "It's salotary to laugh at ourselves," he

Wilde, who described himself as a Polish Jew who grew up in an lrish neighborhood, said the only people who objected to ethnie jokes I'm conscious as director of this

ry at Duke University. "We should were "older people, who are less agency of my responsibility to be Jack Romanos, publisher of

can humor. "We've come as a culture from one basically segregatof the National Conference of ed to one that is beginning to ac-Christians and Jews, said: "I think cept all groups, and humor has followed the same pattern," he said. "It's all intended in good fun."

Nevertheless, Bantam delayed the publication of Wilde's latest mation, thea authors woo't be so joke book, he said, because it was originally scheduled during the height of the Solidarity strike in Poland. "That's the one time we probably stemmed more from a demight have gotten a reaction," he said, "so we made a conscious deci- in bigotry. sion not to publish until a year

agreed with Wilde. "The purpose of the jokes is to subject people to ridicule," be said. "They may not be harmful to adults. but I'va and the symbolism of ioka "They have be harmful to adults. but I'va and the symbolism of ioka "They have be harmful to adults. but I'va and the symbolism of ioka "They have be harmful to adults. but I'va and the symbolism of ioka "They have be a ehildren coming home crying, 'Are we really that dumh?' These jokes and he said that he has rarely en-countered a word of criticism about among children who langh at them because they think it's sophisticat-

Nathan Perimutter, national director of the Aoti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, said: "Part of it has to do with the self-con-

protective of the dignity of the minority group while simultaneously

Mazewski said: "I frankly think banning books is out right, that the answer lies to education, so that they'll die from lack of sales. On the other hand, maybe they should change the laws so that groups as well as individuals can sue for defa-

free with their words." sire to shock than from an increase

But others said that bigotry could well be lurking just below the Aloysius Mazewski, president of surface. "Everybody else makes the Polish-American Coogress, jokes about other people," said Dr. which represents about 3,000 Po-Martin Grotjahn, professor emerision, and racial jokes could be an invitation to racial hatred."

Grotiahn said he would particularly advise against a non-Jew telling a joke about Jews or a white telling a joke about blacks. And one publisher said that he would issue a volume of black jokes only if the author were Richard Pryor, Bill Crosby, Eddie Murphy or another

well-known black. But Franklin at Duke University disagreed. "I wouldn't accept jokes swept up from the gutter by Richard Pryor any more than from Blanche Knott," he said.

### Was Mozart Poisoned? Suspect #2

By Carl Hartman

WASHINGTON — It was Süssmayr who gave of Baden when Mozart could not be with her. He was him the poison, not Salieri, says a man who has more a family friend than a pupil, a constant butt of made a long and deeply felt study of the victim. The victim was Johann Chrysostom Wolfgang letters to his wife. He was at Mozart's deathbed and at Amadeus Mozart, one of the world's greatest compos-

ers. He died in Vienna early on the morning of Dec. 5. 1791, at the age of 35. The cause of his death remains

It has long been speculated that he was poisoned by was away.

Antonio Salieri, a rival composer. The theory is the Const. dramatic pivot of Peter Shaffer's popular play

the composer's native Salzburg. He suggests that the with Süssmayr at the time of Mozart's death, but poisoner may have been Mozart's pupil, Franz Xaver eventually asked him to complete the composer's last

"Sussmays was the lover of Mozart's wife,

faithful. Biographers like her much less than Mozart seemed to.

 Süssmayr was her constant companion at the spa more a family friend than a pupil, a constant butt of what seem to be friendly jibes in Mozart's affectionate

 Constanze's youngest soo was named Franz Xaver - a name be repudiated in later life - and he seems to have been conceived at a time when Mozart

 Constanze's attitude toward Süssmayr was ambiguous. She and her second busband, the Danish Amadeus."

Amadeus. diplomat Georg Nikolaus Nissen, tried to obliterate
But another idea comes from Vittorio Negri, a

Süssmayr's name from many of Mozart's letters—not
conductor who began his career at the Mozarteum in

always with success. She claimed to have been angry great unfinished work, the Requiem, as Mozart apparently wanted him to do.

Onstanze."

Negri was bere for his Washington debut at the Negri acknowledges that his evidence is circumstanial:

Oconstanze is generally thought to have been un-



# Herald Tribune

### Brazil and the Debts

Tension is rising between the Latin American debtors and their creditors. There is a strong inclinatioo in Washington to assume that everything will work out adequately in time, as the world's economic recovery raises exports and Latin America's ability to pay. Maybe so. But there is increasing reason to think that recovery will oot operate soon enough to avert fearful political strains ou Latin governments. The most illuminating case, and the most important, is Brazil.

To avoid default on its gigantic foreign debts Brazil has been negotiating with the International Monetary Fund for a loan, but the negotiations have been difficult and the tentative agreement last week is not likely to be formally accepted by the IMF before October. Meanwhile, in Brazil there is increasing discussion of a moratorium on debt payments on grounds that changes in the world economy have made the present burden, and the IMF's lending conditions, unreasonably onerous.

When it lends, the IMF properly and occessarily sets conditions requiring the borrower to get its economy in balance. The question is how far to go. Brazil had been indexing wages to the inflation rate; that is always a formula for trouble, but it was an established custom. The government has now scaled the indexation back to cover only 80 percent of wages. In a country where the inflation rate is in the range of 150 percent a year, that is bitterly unpopular. The IMF also believes that the government must move directly on spending and monetary policy to get that tremendous inflation rate down. That is good advice, and in a stable

world economy there would not be much doubt about Brazil's ability to adopt it. Unfortunately, stability is in short supply

and interest rates have been rising as the recov-ery begins. Since most of Brazil's debt is financed at floating rates, the effect of this increase on the country's foreign obligations is immediate. In contrast, the benefits of recovery for Brazil's exports, and its ability to pay. will come along much more slowly.

Brazil bas good reasons to avoid any sort of default or moratorium on its debt payments. It has a strong economy, it is in a process of rapid industrialization, and, like the advanced countries, it requires access to world markets. Default on debt jeopardizes the whole network of international credit on which its trade depends. But as interest rates rise there comes a point at which conventional adjustment and repayment policies are no longer realistic. The recent rate increases may now have brought

Brazil close to that point. It is time for the IMF and the commercial banks to consider alternatives that could reduce current interest payments, for Brazil and perhaps other debtors, until the world recovery and the revival of their export trade are further advanced. Any agreement of that sort would have to be acceptable oo both sides; it cannot be imposed on the banks. But it would be infinitely preferable to have the initiative come sooner, from Washington and New York, rather than later, from Latin capitals besieged by the political reaction to economic

failure and disappointed hope. -THE WASHINGTON POST.

### Then Gelli Got Away

You owe it to yourself not to miss the latest in the Gelli scandal. Some scandals are more interesting than others. This one is world class. Shadowy financier mysteriously disappears from high-security Swiss prison cell, Vanished prisoner was grand master of outlawed Ma-sonic lodge in Italy. Far-right political connec-

tions. Traces of blood in empty cell.

Was he kidnapped? No. A guard in the
Swiss prison admits helping him escape and make his way to the French border. He was to have faced a hearing within a few days on an extradition request from Italy, where he is charged with fraud, extortion and involvement in terrorist activides. Italian politicians assert that this elegant escape proves that the secret lodge known as Propaganda-2 is still in operation and that its tentacles are everywhere.

The lodge was exposed in the spring of 1981 when Italian magistrates searched a building belonging to Mr. Gelli and found a list of nearly a thousand alleged members. It included two cabinet ministers, several dozen politicians, and high officers of the armed forces and secret services. Mr. Gelli disappeared, evidently going into hiding in Latin America; be had lived previously in Argentina, where he had associated with Juan Perón and his supporters. The Italian government fell.

Mr. Gelli seems to have been using his connections to funnel enormous amounts of

European money into Latin America, some of it possibly into neo-fascist politics there. The vehicle was the Banco Ambrosiano of Milan, whose chairman, Roberto Calvi, was found a

year ago hanged under a London bridge—
perhaps a suicide, perhaps not.

The bank failed, revealing losses in the
range of a billion dollars in inadequately secured loans to Latin American borrowers, some of them shells. The Vatican's bank, it then developed, had endorsed some of those loans. Mr. Gelli came into public view again last fall when he was arrested in a Geneva bank while trying to obtain the release from a numbered account of some \$50 million.

The development of this case is an indicator, among many others, of the rising competence and independence of law enforcement in Italy. For several decades after Mussolini's fall, Italians understandably chose to keep their police divided, underpowered and on a short leash, But in the 1970s terrorism and organized crime persuaded them that the tradition of weak cuforcement was getting dangerous. The quality of police work began to change. When prosecutors and investigators keep doggedly pursuing a case that cuts as close to as many established interests as this one, that is a very good sign. As for Mr. Gelli, the Italian, Swiss and French police hope to be seeing him soon.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

### **Vega Suppositions**

the bright star Vega and made a startling discovery: It is encircled by a cloud of matter that may be a solar system. That is a nudge toward supposing that we may not be the universe's only focus of life. If life evolved once it can presumably evolve elsewhere, given suitable niches such as water-laden planets.

No other solar systems can be seen by Earth-bound telescopes through the fog of Earth's atmosphere. That the satellite-borne telescope should stumble on one in checking

A satellite-borne telescope recently spied its instruments is a rebuke to the skepocs. If Vega, one of the sun's closest oeighbors, has planets, so, probably, do many of the galaxy's hundred billion stars. At least some should be hospitable to the evolution of life.

But Vega, say astronomers, is only a billion years old, a quarter of Earth's age and probably too young to have life-bearing planets. That telescope's infrared eye should quit checking out the starlets of the firmament and look for older stars with longer tales to tell

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

### Other Opinion

#### A Busy Weekend for Zia

It has been quite a weekend for Pakistan's military dictator, President Zia nl-Haq. On Friday be announced oational elections to be held in just over 18 months' time. On Sanday he let it be known that his country is ready to return to the Commonwealth fold after an 1 Iyear absence. The immediate reason for this flurry of activity is his desire to pre-empt a civil disobedience campaign by the opposition alliance. More generally, President Zia is desperately anxious to do anything which appears to legitimize and sanitize his rule.

in the past the president has been both prompt and efficient in subduing poliocal dissidence. He has been able to exploit the peren-

nial divisions among the leaders of Pakistan's banned political parties and he has not been slow to lock up those who he believes represent a threat of any kind to his regime. In the past few weeks more than 150 political opponents

have been rounded up and thrown in jail. It is uncertain that the promised election will ever take place, or that if it does it will represent an bonest test of public opinion. In the six years since President Zia seized power by coup d'état from Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, whom he subsequently hanged after a shocking travesty of a trial, be has twice canceled previously scheduled elections on the grounds that the results might not be "positive" for the country.

- The Daily Telegraph (London).

#### FROM OUR AUG. 16 PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1908: Shah's Forces Progressing TEHERAN - To obtain authentic informaoon on events in Tabriz is now almost impossible, but it is clear that the government troops are slowly getting the upper hand over the Nationalists, despite a stubborn resistance. The success of the Shah's forces is causing much concern to many influential Persians there, at heart reactionaries but who were forced at the point of a revolver to throw in their lot with the Nationalists. These people fear that they may suffer dire penalties when order is restored. The population of Tabriz is panic-stricken, and many people are faced with total ruin. The troops sent to reinforce

Zerbaydjan's men, instead of helping to crush

the revolt, set to work to pillage the houses.

1933: 'Wheel' Puzzle in the Rockies OMAHA, Nebraska — Scientists from France, Belgium, Spain, China, Japan, South Africa, Egypt, Argentina, Czechoslovakia, Germany, Canada, Scotland and England are among a party of forty geologists who will be in the Rocky Mountains this month to investigate what many claim to be the oldest manmade monument in the world. The ancient monument is the Medicine Wheel, a vast stone group atop a peak of the Big Horn Mountains. It is in the shape of a perfect wheel. The crowning mystery of the Medicine Wheel consists of two smaller monuments thought to represent the constellations of the Southern Cross. These constellations have oot been visible in Wyoming for more than 10,000 years.

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# Arguments Against Nuclear Civil Defense

### Moratorium Washington — Advocates Work civil defense programs have been emphasizing "crisis relocation planning" as the way to prepare for a nuclear war. Under such a plan, roughly half of the U.S. population could allegedly be evacuated in a few days from urban and other "high-risk" areas to rural areas. The distribution of the contrary, I believe that it would serve as a deterrent to attack, and may therefore reduce the chance of nuclear war. On the contrary, I believe that it would serve as a deterrent to attack, and may therefore reduce the chance of nuclear war. On the contrary, I believe that it would serve a serve and a time of On Testing?

might in fact cost lives.

By Tom Wicker

A Reagan

WASHINGTON — Now is a good time for President Reagan to seize the initiative by declaring a six-month moratorium on nuclear testing and by challenging the Soviet Union to do the same.

The new grain agreement, compro-mise in the East-West oegotiations at Madrid and some useful give and-take in the START talks lead administration officials to believe that the long deterioration of Soviet-Ameri-can relations has been halted.

A moratorium proposal would be all but foolproof because if the Russians dido't follow suit America could resume testing at the end of the six months with very little lost; or if either side violated the arrangement the other could begin testing again. At present the two powers conduct only about 50 ouclear tests a year, about evenly divided between them.

There is solid precedent. From 1959 to 1962 Moscow and Washington suspended all ouclear tests during negotiations for a test ban treaty. The moratorium ended when France, not a party to the agreement, conducted a test; the Russians resumed testing and the United States followed. But in 1963 a limited test ban treaty. ruling out all but underground testing, was signed by the superpowers and has since been observed.

What might oow be achieved beyoud a new moratorium, if the Russians accepted the challenge, is prob-lematical; but the possibilities are attractive. Soviet-American relations could be eased. With a better sense of good faith on both sides, progress in both sets of arms control talks might be stimulated. That cooccivably could bring about a deal making it unnecessary to deploy U.S. Pershing-2 missiles in Europe in December, as scheduled; at the least, public opposi-tion to the Pershings in West Germa-oy and elsewhere might be moted by test moratorium.

Politically, a six-month moratorium proposed by Mr. Reagan and accepted by Yuri Andropov should help clear the way to a 1984 summit conference between the two leaders an idea toward which the White House seems to be edging anyway. Even if oo further breakthrough on arms control developed, such a sum-mit might produce at least an extension of the moratorium on tests.

A test moratorium, particularly if it ultimately were extended, would be vastly important in itself. Without testing, neither side can develop new weapons or improve old ones; a qualitative freeze on ouclear armaments would be established, and therefore 3 more stable nuclear balance

Ample evidence exists that a moratorium on underground testing can be effectively ventied by national means - probably more effectively than an arms control treaty. In fact, in negotiations with the Carter administration for a comprehensive test ban (CTB) treaty Moscow actually agreed for the first time to on-site spections and to seismic monitoring stations on Soviet territory.

That promising treaty was never completed, owing to the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan and to the predictable opposition of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the National Nuclear Weapons Laboratories.

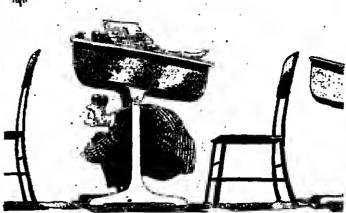
A year ago Mr. Reagan announced that he was oo longer pursuing a CTB treaty — although both the United States and the Soviet Union have been committed for 20 years, by the limited test ban treaty of 1963, to

seck a comprehensive test ban.

That is the problem, of course, with the idea of a new moralorium. Without nuclear testing Mr. Reagan cannot carry ont the enormous ouclear buildup he has undertaken in Order to overcome the ouclear superiority be insists - without evidence or the concurrence of the Joint Chiefs that the Russians have achieved. The New York Times.

game goes on until one of the final bidders comes to his senses, accepts his loss and stops. defense policy are vastly more con- Los Angeles Times.

Proponents of civil defense generally make their case with certain arguments that I believe are mistaken: That it would lead to a faster economic recovery after a major nuclear exchange. When half the nation is That civil defense would save lives. I believe that it would not, and that it dead and the other half is injured and That it will put the United States in sick, it is absurd to believe that survi-



### When Both the Bidders Lose at a Stupid Game

By Samuel Gorovitz

OLLEGE PARK, Maryland fusing. Cries for unilateral dis-— I've been anctioning off armament are hopelessly naive, the some dollar hills lately and making a tidy profit. And along the way I've had some thoughts about the ground seems intractably intricate. a tidy profit. And along the way I've had some thoughts about the

I take bids in multiples of 5 cents; the auction is over when there has been on new bid for 30 seconds. The dollar goes to the highest bidder. The only unusual rule is that the second-highest bidder must also pay me the amount of his bid—and be gets nothing. Invariably the bidding starts

low, rapidly increases and narrows to two competitors. When it approaches a dollar, the apparent runner-up will bid a dollar-plus. This propels the bidding higher still, for it is better to pay \$1.05 for a \$1 bill than to hand over 95 cents for nothing. And so it goes. The bidding always goes well above \$1, sometimes as high as \$5 or \$6. How can otherwise reasonable

people be led so easily to compete with one another for the opportumity to make an obviously unreasonable expenditure?

The phenomenon, known as entrapment, has been studied in its various forms by cognitive psycho-cal." In his call for deep cuts in logists concerned with how people America's ouclear arsenal along make judgments and choose ac- with vigorous pursuit of arms contions. Entrapment is one form of trol and other negotiations, he ofescalation, and we encounter it of-ten when we find ourselves invest-pects of breaking out of our ing more than we think makes sense in pursuit of some objective. In a dollar auction, bidders are are driven toward an increasingly stupid ourchase by the fear of coming in second, and by motives such as the desire to prevail in competi-

tion and to punish the competitor whose tenacity accounts for the worsening situation. The only effective way to best the auctioneer is through cooperation — the players must agree to limit the bidding. They can then gain a genuine bargain and share the benefits. But, typically, that realization comes too late, and the

I know that the issues in national

The complexity of the problems of arms control are well documented in the recently published report of the Harvard Nuclear Study Group. Yet, as I try to grapple with that complexity, my mind keeps return-ing to the dollar auction, as if there were a message there.

The Harvard report concludes that arms control, if it is pursued wisely, "can save money as well as enhance our security. It should be seen as a part of a national security policy that is as important as the defense budget. Yet, incredibly, "the annual budget for the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency is lower than the cost of two F-16 fighter aircraft."

Admiral Noel Gayler, a former director of the National Security Agency and onetime commander of U.S. forces in the Pacific, has argued eloquently and persuasively that "there is no sensible military use for any of our unclear forces ental, theater or tactientrapment and avoiding disaster,

Surely, even in the thick of competition, we should listen to those first motivated by the prospect of a who have been able to step back bargain. But the final two bidders and see irrationality for what it is. I do not endorse overly simplis tic solutions to the problems of arms control. But the case seems compelling that there is an urgent occi to increase many times over our investment in arms control efforts and our commitment to their success. Controlling the costly and dangerous proliferation of nuclear weapons will require the same na-tional resolve that made their development possible in the first place. Anything less is lunacy.

> The writer is a professor of philosopky at the University of Maryland, He contributed this comment to the

Anyone care to bid on a 50?

By Admiral Noel Gayler

a less vulnerable position. I believe vors would concern themselves with the state of industrial equipment That America has to match whatever the Soviets do. I believe that "always

matching the Russians" is seldom a good or sufficiently sophisticated rationale for determining defense needs. The Soviets make mistakes attack from an opponent at a time of too, and their civil defense program is the opponent's choosing. a turkey, as they now realize.

Here is what is wrong with civil

defense in my view.

It won't work against nuclear attack Not only are there enough ou-clear warheads for direct hits on every military target and on every city and village, but enough as well for every relocation area in the United States - or in the Soviet Union. And if an opponent believes that be

doesn't have enough warheads, all he has to do is build some more.

Fallout shelters are impracticable.

Deep shelters would become deep tombs. As for the suggestion that effective simple shelters can be heart. effective simple shelters can be hasti-ly constructed, how long would you and your family be able to live in a hole in the ground covered with two doors and three feer of earth? How would you dig a shelter in the frozen ground of winter if you were in New York or Chicago or Moscow?

Evacuation of major cities in any reasonable length of time would be impracticable also. It would invite attack during evacuation, thus increas-ing casualoes. And any evacuation ea could become a target.

Civil defense generates a mind-set toward nuclear war. Just as the United States regards the Soviet Union's civil defense plans as a threat, as evidence that the Soviet Union is preparing for ouclear attack, so the Soviet Union regards American efforts as a similar menace. American civil defense preparations would gen-erate "requirements" for even more Soviet warheads, just as Soviet civil defense generates "requirements" for

more on the American side. It has no military utility. America has real military needs that are not now being met. Neither the building of more ouclear weapons nor civil defense would do anything to meet these needs. Civil defense proposals do not belong in a military program. had, bowever well administered, has turned into a fiasco. For the US government or major American one porations to spend a lot of money on expensive shelter programs or mass evacuation schemes in these tough financial times is senseless.

It's a dangerous illusion. I have no situations that a certain school of

analysts is so food of. Real war does not resemble a game of master-level chess, in which each move invites a logical countermove. Io a real battle, confusion reigns, communication is difficult or impos-

sible, and clear thinking is obscured by terror and agooy. Yet these theorists propose, in their bloodless, analytic fashion, in predict the course of a war that would be a thousand times more terrible than any we have ever seen. I say that's nonsense. We are de-

ceiving ourselves. It's oo wonder that the Soviet Unioo has been led to believe that American intentions are aggressive, even though they are not

All across the United States, thousands of people have voiced their objections to these grandiose and expensive schemes to evacuate mil. lions of civilians to rural areas on only a few days' notice. Common sense has led those Americans to understand that such plans are un-

workable and unrealistic. While those citizens continue to support both America's real defense oceds and its emergency planning for localized natural disasters such as floods, fires and earthquakes, thrap properly recognize that civil defense offers oo meaniogful protection

against the horrors of nuclear war. . More citizens must speak out so that the illusions of civil defense may be put to rest. Without such distracdons, we can get on with the business of considering more realistic solutions to the grave problem of the threat of ouclear war.

Before his retirement the writer served as commander in-chief of all U.S. forces in the Pacific from 1972 to 1975. He has also served as director of the National Security Agency and as deputy director of the Joint Strategic Target Planning Staff. This comment was adapted for the Los Angeles Times from testimony presented before the arms control subcommittee of the Sen-It's wasteful. With the best inten-tions in the world, every civil defense program the United States has ever ate Foreign Relations Committee.

#### AMERICAN WAYS

### **About Brains and Running**

By Dick West

WASHINGTON — Edwin Pag-et, a retired professor who keeps his own grey matter oxygenated by running up Piles Peak, has received yet another setback in his campaign to make brain scans mandatory for U.S. presidential candidates.

In his latest appeal for congressional support, Professor Paget was rebuffed by a senator from his own home state. The presumption that ne seeking public office is mentally impaired unless proved otherwise by a machine is not one that would be acclaimed very widely among politicians," be quotes Sena-tor Jesse Helms, the North Carolina Republican, as demurring.

Professor Paget's offer, or threat, to debate his brain-scan proposal was previously rejected, or ignored, by the

candidates themselves.

Like Senator Helms, I readily concede that my medical expertise is limited. I therefore cannot confirm with any certitude Professor Paget's contention that brain scans would reveal whether the brains of politicians are getting enough oxygen.

There have been times, I confess.

when I have had serious doubts about the mental acuity of certain senators. not to mention assorted presidential candidates. As to whether they might improve their thinking process by running up a 14,000-foot mountain. am not prepared to say. Professor Paget has run up Pikes

he taught speech and drama at North Carolina State University for 39 years and has been summering in Colorado for almost that long. He is expected to make his I 000th running ascent this month. Although I am somewhat doubtful

Peak more times than Harold Stassen

has run for president. Now past 80,

that oxygen infusions would do much to raise the IQ levels of America's strongly about presumptions. We seem quite willing to make pre-

sumptions about motorists who drive after drinking. If, as has been happening in some places, it is seemly to stop traffic to administer breath tests to drivers, then I see nothing wrong with requiring presidential candidates to have brain scans.

A drunken driver may very well cause traffic accidents, but he would be unlikely to get the country inadvertently involved in a war.

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The same

I say we should be underwriting research to determine what effect oxygen has on the brain. Should a sobering effect be detected, perhaps motorists who are convicted of driving while intoxicated could be sentenced to run up Pikes Peak.

Perhaps Professor Paget wouldn't mind sharing his mountain path with tipsy car pools. Chances are the path is nowhere near as crowded as the path to the White House. United Press International.

### Refugees From Indochina: Fleeing 'the Headmasters'

BANGKOK — In the first six months of this year 16,865 boat people arrived in various Southeast Asian countries. The summer monsoon, which blows boats in the direction of Hong Kong, began in May. Most of those coming to Hong Kong are peasants from northern Vietnam who do not meet the re-

quirements most governments have set down for resettlement. They have no relatives in Western countries and lack any other connections. There are close to 13,000 boat people in Hong Kong now. To dis-courage this influx, the Hong Kong government has started to lock them

up in prison camps. Some 3,500 boat people are in these so-called "closed camps." Conditions are wretched. Some dormitories hold up to 250 people crowded into small metal cages stacked on top of each other. These are unheated in winter and unventilated in summer.

Hong Kong officials say that on-like most Southeast Asian countries the crown colony has never denied asylum to any refugee. But they say the rate of resettlement out of Hong Kong is oow so low that they must try to discourage new arrivals.

For those boat people who head for Thailand or Malaysia, the hazards of piracy are still dreadful. In some months every boat reaching shore has been attacked at least once. Many are attacked several times. Multiple rapes are standard. Marders and abductions are constant. No one knows how many Vietnam-

ese have died, but the numbers must run into thousands. Every day the sea washes up bodies on Thai beaches that have been mutilated by the attacks of both humans or sharks. Yet since 1979 only 27 Thai pirates have been arrested, tried and convict-

ed. The anti-piracy program — patrol boats, decoy boats and spotter planes has helped, but not enough. Cambodian refugees are in an even more desperate situation. There are

presently about 75,000 of them in UNHCR camps in Thailand, most of them in Kao I Dang In 1980, when there were 130,000 Cambodians in Thailand, this was the largest city of Cambodians in the world. Then it bustled with activity. and there was some sort of hope. Now it is dispirited. Refugees are not allowed to receive money from rela-

tives abroad, and there is now no market in the camp.

The Thai government wants to make the place unattractive to induce people to return to the border a few miles away. That today is a dismal place, as barren as the policies that almost all governments are conduct-

mg toward Cambodia In 1979, when famine was thought to be sweeping Cambodia, about half a million Cambodians, encouraged by Voice of America broadcasts, fled for food and relative sanctuary to the border. Those who have not wished to return to live under Vietnamese control have been forced to become part of the anti-Vietnamese resistance that has been built up in the temporary camps along the border by all those countries opposing Viet-nam's occupation of Cambodia, aotably China and Thailand, with Western support. There are now about 25,000 Khmer Rouge communist troops along the border and 20,000 non-communist soldiers together with their families. The rest no one knows how many - are civil-

ians trapped there.

By William Shawcross

reach a negotiated settliment that would end the occupation, it has been That government policy to increase the human buffer along the border. Since 1980 almost 32,000 people have been persuaded, or forced, by the Thais to leave the relative security of the Kao I Dang camp for the far more dangerous border area. Despite competent feeding by an ad hoc body called the UN Border

Relief Organization (UNBRO) and medical programs run by such groups as the American Refugee Committee, health and sanitary conditions are miserable. People are suffering from malaria, respiratory infections, malnutrition, diarrhea, measles and a host of other complaints. Nowhere on the border is safe. Al-

most all sectors have been mined by one or other group of combatants over the years, resulting in hundreds of civilian victims. In the first four dry-season months of this year Victnamese attacks on border camps killed hundreds of people, wounded thousands and aprooted 90,000.

The Thai army at first refused to allow people to move out of the line of fire into Thailand, but then at the urging of the UNBRO and the ICRC. which is active along the border, the That army allowed some of them a. few kilometers into Thailand - on condition that they then be returned to some other border site.

In April I visited Red Hill, barely 3 miles from the border. Some 20,000 people had been brought there from Phnom Chat, a Khmer Rouge camp, when it was attacked by Victuames troops. After complicated negotiations with the ICRC, Thailand had ans trapped there.

In the face of Vietnamese refusal to but only on the strict condition that

all the people return to the border when the immediate fighting ended. When I was there, Khmer Ronge communist soldiers were wandering

around in bright green clothing that China has recently supplied. I talked to a refugee who had been tricked into leaving Kao I Dang in the belief that his wife was at the border, Now he was desperate to get away. "I don't want to go back. I am afraid to die," he said. Two of my children are dead. Many civilians here do not want to go back. But the Khmer Rouge soldiers will make them. The Khmer Rouge have not changed."

ICRC representatives estimated that about a third of the people at Red Hill wanted to escape from the Khmer Rouge. Soon after my visit some 2,000 people delivered petitions to the ICRC imploring protection.
One group begged not to be sent back
to "the Khmer Rouge headmasters." Others asked for resettlement in the

escape being returned to the border.

It is Vietnam's policies at home and in Cambodia that are the primary causes of the boat people's flight and the dreadful stalemate along the Thai-Cambodian border. But the continued misery and warfare in Indochina are a legacy of the entire war in Indochina, in which the United States played such a major role. Today there are still thousands of people who left their countries in search of what they understood to be

Hong Kong or pushed back to the bloody no-man'sland between Cumbodia and Thailand This is the second of two articles excerpted from The Washington Past. The writer, author of "Sideshow," recently completed a book about how the world deals with man-made disasters:

a promise of some sort of refuge, or

freedom, in the West. It ill befits the

Western democracies that these peo-

ple should instead be imprisoned in

### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

In Chad, a Tall Order

As a collector of journalistic non

equiturs, I was fascinated by Alex Rondos's column, "The Case Against American Intervention in Chad" (IHT, Aug. 8). It gets my prize for the

month, if not the year.
For most of his article Mr. Rondos armes that no outside force can determine events in Chad for any length of time, and that we are in error in trying. Then he concludes that the way to prevent Libyan meddling would be for the United States to take "a disinterested lead in ensuring

a measure of political justice and economic equity in that country." GRANT E MOUSER 3d, "

U.S. Consul General, Hamburg. The Wrong Term?

Debra Weiner, in "What's Brewing in Kenya?" (IHT, Aug. 5), refers to women "raping a oumber of men." As the male capability is easily destroyed by stress, is this not a case of journalistic illiteracy, with the writer

thoughtlessly using the wrong term? MONIQUE & PERRIN, Monaco.

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#### TUESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1983

**COMMODITIES** By H.J. MAIDENBERG

# Index Rise Thought to Foreshadow Learning of the Committee Cains, Renewed Inflation

EW YORK — The Commodity Research Bureau's index of futures prices continued to soar last week, promising both good and bad news to U.S. users and consumers of raw materials. The good news was that the U.S. economy was recovering at an ever-increasing rate; the bad news was that a significant rise in the rate of inflation can be expected in the next 6 to 18 months.

the next 6 to 18 months.

As it was, the index, which weighs the prices of 27 basic food and has been sindnessed interest and 228.1 on the comparable date in 1982. By comparison, the index's record high was 337.6, posted on Nov. 20, 1980,

The last time farm

prices sparked

inflation was in

1973-74, the year

after the massive

Soviet grain deal.'

comparison, the index's record mgn and the recent low, 225.8, was set last Oct. 4.

The index is prepared by the commodity Research Burean, the commodity industry's leading industry's

m the CKB, white is a control plan tive and reliable gauge of key raw-materials prices, bottomed out earmaterials prices, bottomed out early last October because that was when the first glimmers of the current recovery began to show," said from L. Kellner, senior vice president and chief economist at Manuannual edent and chief economist at Manuacturers Hanover Trust

Studying the index's signals, Mr. Kellner found that they appear to be constituted in more positive than negative so far. As he explained: "Yes, the drought are the constitute of negative so far. more positive than negative so far. As ne explained: 1 cs, the mon should help ease the debt burden of foreign exporters of these goods."

As a banker, he would view any improvement in export prices of the poorer countries as positive. But Mr. Kellner cautioned that, if the index continues to rise at its current rate for several more weeks, he would become deeply concerned over a refueling of inflation by early 1984.

#### Inflation Doubling Expected

In the first half of 1983, inflation in the United States, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, rose at an annual rate of 2 percent. That rate is the local section of the commodity-To price increases registered thus far in 1983.

We have never had inflation that wasn't first signaled by rises in prices of farm and industrial commodities. The last time farm prices sparked inflation was in 1973-74, a year after the massive Soviet grain deal, But the dollar was greatly undervalued relative to all key foreign currencies except the British pound in 1973-74, which blunted the impact of the rise in farm prices at the time."

> Today the dollar is by far the strongest currency, and if farm prices rise faster than industrial raw materials, he added, it could aggravate both inflation and the international monetary problem

Another view of the surging commodity index came from Raymond T. Dalio, president of Bridgewater Associates, economic consultants based in Wilton, Connecticut.

"This extremely accurate index has risen 19 percent from its low of last October," he said Friday in an interview. "Actually, commodity inflation thus far this year has been running at 22.8 percent on an annual basis. In all of 1982, we had a 15.3 percent deflation in commmodity prices; in 1981, 12.7 percent."

#### 37% Inflation Projected

Mr. Dalio projected commodity price inflation at 37 percent for 1983 if prices continue to rise at the pace of the last two months.

"At the consumer level," he said, "the rise in farm commodities spells a sharp increase in household expenditures because 21 percent of dispos-

able income goes for food — one quarter of that for meat alone."

Because this summer's average temperatures in the major grain and soybean regions of the United States have been the highest since 1936, while the moisture level has been the lowest since 1881, Mr. Dalio said

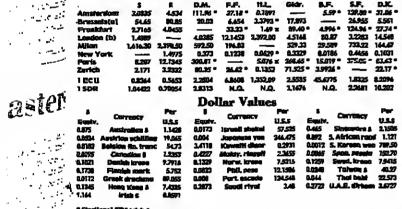
farm prices would have risen.

"But the government's acreage-reduction programs effected this year are guaranteeing that prices will soar," he declared. "While the buge carry-over stocks of grain and the low level of exports make price projections for corn and wheat difficult to gauge, we can say that those for other key farm commodities will show large rises in the next 6 to 18

How high? Mr. Dalio said, "We predict that live hog prices will move to \$75 a hundred pounds from the current level of roughly \$50, pork bellies to \$1.20 a pound from \$6.5 cents, soybeans to \$10.45 a bushel from \$8.50 and soybean meal to \$255 a ton from \$244 because livestock raisers have been sharply culling their herds for weeks, and we see prices of soybean oil moving to 36.40 cents a pound from 29.25 cents."

New York Times Service

#### **CURRENCY RATES** Interbank exchange rates for Aug. 12/Aug. 15, excluding bank service charges



### INTEREST RATES

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### Caracas May Speed **Payments**

NEW YORK — Venezuela has told its 13-bank advisory committee that it hopes to introduce administrative measures this week simed at speeding up payments on its foreign debt of more than \$30 billion, banking sources said Mon-

Finance Minister Arturo Sosa, who has put Venezuela's publicsector interest arrears at \$196 million, outlined the measures when he met the committee in New York

Because of the interest arrears trade debt arrears and slow progress in Venezuela's talks with the International Monetary Fund, lit-tle headway was made at Friday's tie headway was made at Friday's meeting on the rescheduling of debt totaling \$16.3 billion that is owed to commercial banks this year and in 1984, the sources said. Bankers said feelings are running high over Venezuela's arrears, especially among smaller banks.

Mr. Soss explained that the delays were due to legal and bureau.

lays were due to legal and bureau-cratic obstacles and promised to bring the payments up to date. Bankers said they welcomed the

commitment but noted that Vene-zuela has made similar promises in the past and has not fulfilled them. The bankers said they also urged Mr. Sosa to speed up negotiations with the IMF on Venezuela's request for a \$1.1-billion credit and its accompanying economic condi-

An IMF team was due to arrive in Caracas Monday for a second round of talks with the govern-ment, and one banker who attended Friday's meeting said the outline of an accord could take shape within two weeks.

Mr. Sosa said over the weekend that Friday's talks went well and that he hoped to reach an agreement with the banks within two weeks. He did not elaborate.

Another banker involved in the rescheduling said he remained skeptical about the prospect for swift progress with the IMF. "Only the Venezuelans themselves know long the talks will take," he

Despite Mr. Sosa's optimism about a swift accord, several bankers said they doubt whether an agreement will be possible before a second 90-day suspension of principal repayments on Venezuela's públic-sector debt expires Sept. 30.

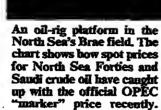
Venezuelan general elections are scheduled for December, Although bankers do not believe the government is deliberately dragging its feet, they recognize that it would be politically difficult for it to accept stiff austerity measures from the

The nearer it gets to December, the less incentive there is for the Venezuelans to negotiate," one banker said,

Venezuela is resisting IMF recommendations that it quickly unify its three-tier exchange rate, devalue the bolivar and introduce substan-

tial spending cuts.

Although commercial banks will probably be satisified with something less than a full-scale IMF program, they insisted to Mr. Sosa that agreement with the fund is a thing less than a full-scale IMF program, they insisted to Mr. Sosa that agreement with the fund is a strict precondition for a rescheduling, sources said. They added that details of the planned refinancing have not been broached since Ventage and the full mean an enormous effort on our part. Complaints and criticism alone will not help us out of eznela submitted a formal request



### Rising International Demand for Oil Brings Measure of Stability to Prices

Off. PRICES - Spot and Official

By Thomas J. Lucck New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Oil demand has been rising steadily in the five months since the Organization of Petro-leum Exporting Countries agreed to cut prices for the first time in its 23-year history.

Oil experts say the higher demand has brought a seasure of stability, and even predictability, to prices, situation rarely seen in the last decade.

And it now appears almost certain that OPEC will act before the end of the year to raise its production ceiling. OPEC set a ceiling of 17.5 million barrels a day in March, when it lowered prices. It had been producing less than 14 million barrels a day in February, and output since then has moved up close to the ceiling.
"OPEC must be gratified by its success," said D.J.

Pratt, director of foreign-oil purchasing for Phillips Petroleum. "Oil demand is rising gradually."

The slow rise comes after the world's major oil companies cut inventories broadly. That trend, which began more than a year ago, ended in recent months. Still, inventories remain low, despite the coming need to produce heating oil.

Many U.S. oil executives expect supplies of crude oil to continue to grow in an orderly way as they

prepare for the winter heating season. Thomas Burns, an economist for Standard Oil of California, said U.S. oil companies "can't wait very much longer" to

At the same time, major oil buyers in several counthe have been postponing oil purchases because of the high value of the dollar, which they generally use to pay for oil. But even "the foreign buyers can't wait much longer," Mr., Burns said.

Crude-oil imports by the United States are also low, down about 10 percent from last year's levels, as companies have tried to limit their inventories, Imports of crude oil and petroleum products, both from OPEC members and others, has recently been almost 5 million barrels a day, down almost 10 percent from the like period a year earlier, according to the U.S. Petroleum Institute.

Some oil analysts maintain that while economic forces continue to push consumption up, the most serious threat to the stability of the international market may be the political fallout of the three-yearold war between Iran and Iraq, both OPEC members, Because sophisticated, missile-bearing aircraft are being introduced into the conflict, there is a growing fear that oil tankers or storage tanks could be destroyed,

(Continued on Page 9, Col.1)

### **Hopes on Rates Fuel Sharp Rise** In Stock Market

NEW YORK - Wall Street, kicking off the second year of its bull market, scored a broad gain Monday on investors hopes that a money supply slowdown will re-

Late profit taking trimmed the advances but analysts were encouraged that blue-chip, automobile, retail, oils and related stocks attracted considerable attention.

The Dow Jones industrial average, up more than 20 points to 1,202 at midsession, held on to gain 10.67 to 1,193.50. Over the past five sessions, the Dow has climbed

The average, which gained 405.91 in the first year of the bull market ended Friday, had been struggling since hitting a record high of 1,248.30 on June 16.

Some experts were disturbed the Dow Jones transportation average bucked the overall market trend by declining 5.01 to 534.61. The New York Stock Exchange

index rose 0.86 to 94.70 and the price of an average share increased 33 cents. Standard & Poor's 500stock index climbed 1.55 to 163.71. Advances routed declines 1,128 to 456 among the 1,950 issues traded.

Big Board volume totaled 83.2 million, up from the 71.6 million traded Friday but still below the 86.6 million daily average of the first year of the bull market. The volume was not great by

any means and that's why I am a little bit skeptical and suspicious about this rally," said Hildegarde Zagorski of Prudential-Bache Securities. "It could run out of steam The Federal Reserve's report late

Friday of a less-than-expected \$400-million increase in the nation's money supply and a surge in bond prices triggered the rally in the stock market.

"The euphona over the money supply is justified," said Michael Metz, Oppenheimer & Co, vice president, "Interest rates look like they have peaked but how fast they come down is another matter."

"The market moved too high, too fast and gave up some of its gain said William LeFevre, Purcell Graham vice president. "But given further encouragement that interest rates may work lower, the rally should continue and prices should hit new highs."

The American Stock Exchange index jumped 2.12 to 231.85 and the price of a share rose 15 cents. Advances to ped declines 407 to 254 among the 838 issues traded. Volume totaled 6.8 million shares compared with 5.3 million Friday. On the trading floor, Diamond Shamrock (ex-dividend) was the most active NYSE-listed issue, up 1½ to 22½. Duke Power (ex-divi-

dend) was second, up is to 221s. Exxon was third on the active list, up 34 to 37% as energy issues jumped on reports the economic rebound would produce increased demand, Gulf Oil rose '4 to 39'4, Atlantic Richfield 1'4 to 48' a, Getty 1's to 65%, Mobil % to 31. Shell to 471; and Halliburton 114 to

Blue-chip IBM added 2 to 120% in heavy trading. Aluminum Co. of America rose 14 to 41 s. The stock was recommended by several analysts who said the company should benefit from the economic recov-

Among the other blue-chip Dow Jones issues, Allied Corp. gazned '4 to 50%, American Express 1's to 45%, DuPont is to 48%, General Electric is to 49%, General Foods is to 44%, INCO is to 15%.

Also, Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing (ex-dividend) rose 1 to 78's, Sears, Roebuck 15 to 3914 United Technologies (ex-dividend)
12 to 68%, Union Carbide is to 62% and Westinghouse Electric to 45%

Auto stocks scored on news of strong early August sales. General Motors climbed 1 to 69, Ford 1 to 57% and Chrysler is to 26%.

K mart (ex-dividend) rose is to 33% and Zayre climbed 2 to 45%. Both reported sharply higher second-quarter earnings.

ing the cost of German-made goods and making them more competitive

But officials of the Association

### Soaring Dollar Undercuts Economy, Germans Say

that the Reagan administration and its economic policies continue to undercut West German efforts to revive the economy.

Otto Lambsdorff, the West German economics minister, said in an interview published Sunday in the newspaper Welt an Sonntag that an economic recovery in West Germa-ny would be "certainly difficult, if we are forced to follow the interestrate trend" in the United States.

this situation."

2.6808 DM in late trading in New York Monday, after news of slower-than-expected growth in the U.S. basic money supply eased fears of continued high U.S. interest rates. But the news did little to about the Reagan administration's

At the heart of Europe's concern is the view that towering U.S. fed-eral budget deficits, projected for coming years, will cause interest rates to remain at high levels relative to Europe's as a collision of borrowing needs between the U.S. vernment and businesses causes the demand for money to increase.

High U.S. interest rates jeopar-On Thursday, the dollar reached dize the recovery in West Germany

By John Tagliabue

New York Times Service

BONN — The dollar's rise last

They put pressure on monetary of currency exchange. The U.S. currency exchange. The U.S. currency exchange at 2.7336 DM, its its highest land in most European capitals.

They put pressure on monetary of conomy is Europe's largest and making them more conomy and the biggest trade of those in the United States to partner of most countries in the logarity of those in the United States to partner of most countries in the logarity of the Asset of the A from the country.

They also hart Bonn's economy by pushing up the price that Ger-man companies must pay for such ease longer-term concern in Europe raw materials, as these crucial comon monetary officials to maintain high interest rates.

West Germany's inflation rate rose slightly in July, by 2.5 percent, on a year-to-year basis, from 2.4 percent in June, its first monthly increase in the inflation rate in more than a year.

The concern in West Germany is

pect for sustained recovery in their countries.

Chancellor Heimut Kohl, echoing European concern in a televiraw materials, as these crucial commodities ordinarily are paid for in dollars. This heats up West German inflation and adds to pressure on monetary officials to maintenance of the control of the contr at the economic summit conference in Williamsburg, Virginia, in May.

He added, "I will not fail to tell sure businessmen, note that the high cost of the dollar benefits West German business by depress-

our American friends at every op-portunity how much this burts us." Bonn officials, seeking to reas-

week to its highest level in nine highest level since February 1974. Its doing to its highest level in nine highest level since February 1974. Its doing that only 1974 in the control of the sure, the dollar slipped to reinforced a deep-seated belief here to its highest level since February 1974. Its doing that only 1974 in the control of the control man trade is contracted in dollars More than 50 percent is conducted

The dollar's strong climb comes at a bad time for Mr. Kohl's govgetary decisions when it reconvenes later this month after the summer

Markets Closed

Banks and financial markets in several countries were closed Monday, including those in France, Ita-Spain, India and South Korea.

### U.S. Farm-Equipment Dealers Say Decline Seems to Be Reversing Itself

By Winston Williams New York Times Service

KANSAS CITY, Missouri -Slowly and quietly, the precipitons four-year decline of the \$9.6-billion U.S. farm-equipment industry ap-pears to be reversing itself, retail

redicted that continuing trouble in the Farm Belt would cause machinery sales to slump a further 10 percent this year, but sales of tractors began to surge late in May. And in June, the latest month for which figures are available, tractor volume rose 28 percent from June

Balers have been strong all year, with gains in the double-digit range. Sales of combines slowed in May and June, but for the first six months were almost even with the

corresponding period last year.

A year ago Michael E. Todd, an International Harvester dealer in Henderson, Kentucky, for 30 years, did not know whether he would be in business when it came time to attend this year's dealers' conven-tion, which was held here last week. A series of setbacks - the cur-

ailment of grain sales to the Soviet Union, low commodity prices and high interest rates — had made farmers very cautious, Mr. Todd said. Then a Henderson grain elevator went bankrupt, tying up \$16 million of his customers' money. And rival dealers were trying to increase sales by telling customers that Harvester might not be in

business much longer. But, thanks to a "very under-standing banker," he pulled through. Now, with farmers optimistic because of the payment-inkind acreage-reduction program, in

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don, Peris and testing prices for

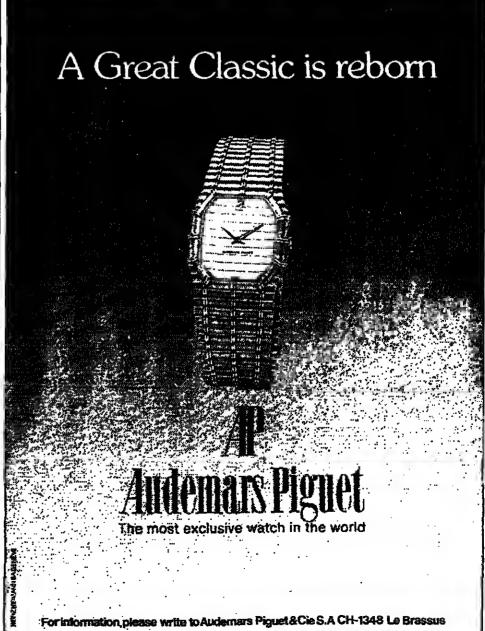
which the government gives farm-ers stockpiled grain, and because of the drought-induced run-up in while weak by the standards of the grain prices, Mr. Todd has seen a 1970s, would not be the disaster sharp rebound in his business this they had expected. "We saw a dra-

The improving market came too late for the one dealer in five, or almost 1,000 in all, who went under last year. But the consensus among the hundreds of dealers at the convention was that the slide was finally over, that a sustainable recovery had began and would continue, if

matic change in the last two weeks of May," said William Pegues, a Deere dealer in Bowling Green, Kentucky. "The farmer's attitude is different now. He knows he's going to get some money from payment in-kind." Because dealer inventories are

(Continued on Page 9, Col.1)

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### **BUSINESS BRIEFS**

#### **Ioechst Says Earnings Gained 44%** n First Half on 1.2% Sales Increase

FRANKFURT (Reuters) — Hoechst said Monday that it expects the approved results recorded for the first half of 1983 to continue. In an interim statement to shareholders, Hoechst reported a 44 percent in first-half group pretax profit to 804 million Deutsche marks (\$296 tillion) from the year-earlier period. Revenue rose 1.2 percent to 18.14 llion DM. But the big chemicals concern said the 44 percent rise in retax earnings was from a weak first half in 1982.

Hotchst said sales were particularly improved in Asia, North America and Africa. Buropean companies also had higher turnover in local arrencies, but because of foreign-exchange fluctuations there was a light decline when converted into DM.

J.S. Big 3 Automakers' Sales Up 40%

DETROIT (UPI) — Sales for the Big Three U.S. antomakers jumped 0 percent in the first 10 days of August, led by Chrysler Corp.'s 51 ercent increase, the companies said Monday. The companies had nine days in the period to sell cars this year, eight

ist year. This accounts for a disparity in some sales figures.
The top three companies sold a total of 171,252 autos in early August.
Link was up 40 percent on a daily rate basis from 108,679 last year. Ford Motor Co. reported a 46.9 percent increase on a daily rate basis or the first 10 days. General Motors Corp. reported a 35.8 percent acrease on a daily rate basis during the period.

Saudi Five-Year Plan Seen Unaffected RIYADH (Reuters) - Sandi Arabia's development plan for 1985-90 is nlikely to be hindered by the current weakness in the world oil market, and Arabia's deputy planning minister, Hussein Sagini, said Monday. He said oil revenue during the life of the five-year plan, the country's burth, is not expected to fall below current levels, based on a benchmark tice of \$29 a barrel and Saudi production of about five million barrels a

Terms of the plan have not been announced, but spending on infra-bructure is expected to fall from the levels in previous plans, which ecounted for 49.6 percent of the spending in the second plan and 35.5 except in the third. Science and technology are expected to receive more tecention in the plan, which is expected to seek to diversify revenue burces, and streamline subsidy policies, Mr. Sagini said.

### Bolivia to Be Tin Group's 4th Member

KUALA LUMPUR (Reuters)—Bolivia was to join the Association of in Producing Countries Monday, diplomatic sources said Monday.

A Bolivian government representative was to sign an agreement in angkok formally making Bolivia the fourth member of the group, the purces said. The other members are Malaysia, Indonesia and Thailand, thich account for more than 73 percent of the world's tim production.

Computers and software.

Computers and software. colivia produces more than 16 percent of the world's tin.

The three Southeast Asian producers formed the association in Bang-lok on June 17, the purpose of which is to aim for higher tin prices and attensify research, development and marketing of tin. World tin con-imption has dropped to about 160,000 tons annually from about 100,000 in 1974.

#### 5.S. Holdings in Glaxo Reach 20%

LONDON (Reuters) - U.S. investors now hold about 20 percent of at 7 percent, and the conversion Flaxo Holdings' ordinary shares, apparently as a result of the company's price at \$34.875, representing a troduction of new drugs, market sources said Monday.

A large part of the shares are held through American Depositary day's USAir closing price of seceipts, ADRs held through Morgan Guaranty Trust of New York

\$31.625 a share.

epresented 60.1 million shares, or 16.4 percent, as of Aug. 10, a Glaxo

pokesman said.

Investors reportedly see exciting prospects for Glaxo's Zantac ulcer able before 1986 only if the stock rug, which recently introduced on the U.S. market. A new antibiotic price is 130 percent of the \$34.875 called Fortum is expected to be introduced in Busens later this year. alled Fortum is expected to be introduced in Europe later this year.

quipment-makers helped create Art Dempsey, a Massey-Ferguson le turnaround for the dealers. The dealer in Rickreall, Oregon. He sanufacturers subsidized a series said farm-equipment sales started promotions to try to increase to pick up in the northwest lumber.

calers added their own incentives, cluding expensive cowboy boots in the payment-in-ind hats.

"It's become a buyer's market,"
id Larry Hollis, a farm-equipment industry analyst for Robert longer depress prices. Some of the longer depress is directly related to

Assed in Milwankee. He expects the requirements of the payments year's sales to equal last year's, in kind program.

To prevent cheating, for example of the payments of the payments are resolutions re-

The activity in the new-equip-tent market was preceded by a cikup in the used-machinery mar-under the program be kept free of

(Continued from Page 7)

till strong, the recovery in sales is

uson and International Harvester ave deep financial wounds.

Paradoxically, the distress of the

iles, including rebates, grace perids without finance charges, and clow-market interest rates. Some

Farm-Equipment Slide Reversing

tent manufacturers until next the demand for new and used material. White Motor filed a bank-spicy petition early in the recession. Allis-Chalmers, Massey-Fermon and Interresticated Harmonic and Interresticated Harmonic

The sundown farmers — the people who farm after they leave their nine-to-five jobs — aren't

afraid of getting laid off any more.

More of them are coming in," said

country as early as last fall, when

participation in the payment-in-kind program. This convinced

housing began to stir.

sign that the skid is over. Part-time such as grass, be cut regularly. Confarmers are the source of much of sequently, business in disk harrows

### Singapore's Growth Put At Up to 7%

SINGAPORE - Singapore's economy is expected to grow by 6 percent to 7 percent this year, much better than had earlier been prodicted, Prime Minister Lee Knan Yew said Monday.
Addressing a National Day rally,

Mr. Lee said that his forecast is based on the assumption that the United States would continue its conomic recovery.

Singapore recorded a growth

rate of 6.3 percent last year, the vest since 1974. Mr. Lee carlier had said Singa-

ore's growth rate might drop below 4 percent in 1983. Mr. Lee said Singapore's perfor-mance for the first half of this year

was more than fair, growing at an annual 5,6 percent rate, down from a growth rate of 6.9 percent in the ur-earlier period. Mr. Lee said that in the first half, manufacturing, external trade and tourism all showed declines.

But Singapore managed to main-tain its growth by increasing construction and banking and finan-cial services, he added.

Mr. Lee said Singapore we reach its maximum potential in the next 10 to 20 years, when the ef-fects of its carrent drive for better education and higher productivity will be felt

Singapore has concentrated much of its planning on making the island nation, which has few natural resources, a high-technology center, with particular emphasis on

LONDON - USAir Inc is raising \$50 million through a 15-year convertible Eurobond issue, sole lead manager Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb International said

The coupon on the issue is fixed \$31,625 a share.

Issued through an overseas fi-

anyone is expecting a return to the boom times of the 1970s, when ris-

ing commodity prices and growing

parity to the Farm Belt.



Lee Knan Yew

#### Most Praise Loans of Personnel From Public Sector to Private, and Vice Versa By Merida Welles

LONDON - After 18 years in the Department of the Environment, Peter Brown, 35, felt trapped. So he persuaded the goverament to lend him for a couple of years to the London Enterprise Agency, a nonprofit advisory organization supported by 11 large companies that are seeking to create jobs throughout the city.

His temporary post benefited all to pay the seconders' salaries while concerned: Mr. Brown got a refreshing break in his career, new "Secondment is accepted by inskills and, upon his return to the dividuals and companies here as a government, a promotion with a first-class idea," said Harold Wil-15-percent raise. The agency got a liams, manager of the human re-finance director it could not other-sources division at P.A. Interna-

wise have afforded. The govern-ment got a more experienced civil ment-consulting firm. "And it has servant. grown particularly fast during the specialists, usually from the private

U.K. Government, Firms 'Seconding' Employees

Such personnel loans, known as "secondment" (the accent is on the second syllable), are becoming increasingly common in the public ed 1,500 in Britain — can be found to support such social services as and private sectors in Britain. In an attempt to take advantage of their past 18 months, the number of Most of the secondees are either skills, individuals are moved from these agencies has more than trigovernment to private industry, or pled, to 110, and by the end of aext vice versa, for a limited time. Usu- year almost 100 more are expected ally, the main employers continue

chemical operations, mines

other smaller units.

The largest pool of full-time seto be functioning.

workers. In addition, companies the government last year.

Re-entry can also be difficult. The secondees, by the time they return, have sometimes developed a sharpened sense of independence. And the companies, which generally guarantee the secondees a job frighten some investors into selling able to their experience and at G&W said about half the total least as senior as the one they left. sometimes have trouble placing

charge against earnings represent-ed the sale of its natural-resources operations, including its 60-percent interest in Jersey Miniere Zinc, all it is widely agreed, far outweigh its ty, a national organization s limitations. The enterprise agencies two years ago to coordinate and local community leaders say enterprise agency movement.

sector, are needed to counsel new small businesses, to help in the ef-

Most of the secondees are either mid-career executives seeking to enhance their prospects or those nearing retirement. In some cases, it is agreed that the secondee will Secondment, in the 10 years not return to his company but will since it began, has not been without finish his career on the payroll of problems. Some companies have the group to which he is seconded. sent out mediocre or abrasive Or companies may send executives to small new companies with the that continue to pay secondees' sal-aries can face prohibitive costs, return at the end of the secondment aries can face prohibitive costs, return at the end of the secondment despite tax changes introduced by period if the new company is suc-

> In the farefront of secondment are about 75 major companies and banks, including Shell U.K., Marks & Spencer, Barclays Bank and IBM U.K., which regularly send employees on two- to three-year stints.

"It's a combination of altruism and hard common sense," Christopher Norman-Butler, who was seconded by Barclays Bank to work for Business in the Community, a national organization set up two years ago to coordinate the

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

### \$11,000,000

Desarollo Turistico Méditerranée de San Carlos S.A.

Senior Notes due 1995

This financing for the development of a Club Med village in Guaymas, Mexico, is guaranteed by

### Club Méditerranée, S.A.

We have arranged the private placement of these securities, a portion of which will be issued at a later date.

A.G.BECKER PARIBAS **INCORPORATED** 

August 1983

### G&W Plans \$470-Million Write-Off

New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Gulf & Western Industries Inc., in a widely anticipated streamlining move, has an-nounced that it will take a \$470million write-off in its fiscal year just ended to divest itself of several major lines of business, including

its natural-resources operations and two racetracks. The company said Sunday that the charge would result in a loss of about \$2.15 million for the fiscal

year, which ended July 31. The write-offs and the expected losses were larger than analysts had pre-dicted. However, the company had previously indicated its intent to

Martin Davis, the New York-based conglomerate's vice chair-man and chief executive officer, said that the businesses being sold "either do not fit with our core operations, are losing money, are profitable but have a poor return on investment, or have limited growth potential."

Mr. Davis added that the divestiture program - part of a restructuring operation that during the past six months has seen the company shed almost 20 percent of its assets and sales — would result in a "leaner, more growth-oriented

When the program is completed, the company will be reduced to three major operating groups: enfinancial services and consumer

an increase in its annual cash divi- term effects of announcing a subdend on common stock, to 90 cents stantial loss for the year could from 75 cents, which the company said reflected "management's con-fidence in the earnings outlook for

1984 and beyond."
As a result of the restructuring. the company said, earnings from continuing operations for the year that ended July 31 will be about \$255 million. The figure includes about \$100 million in net earning from the disposition of substantia ly all of its marketable securities

The company originally reported 1982 carnings from continuing op-crations as \$199 million, on revedivest units that were mostly in mes of \$5.3 billion, It said its re-mature and/or capital-intensive incontinuing operations would be about \$165 million.

In the fiscal quarter that ended April 30, G&W reported earnings of \$75.7 million, or 98 cents a share, up sharply from \$35.3 million, or 38 cents a share, in the 1982 quar-ter. Sales rose to \$1.29 billion, from

Analysts had generally expected a write-off of \$200 million to \$300 million from the company's divest-

This is a significantly larger write-off than we, or I think any-body else, had anticipated," said David S. Moore, a vice president at Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Securities. "I think there are going to be some surprised investors on Monday morning

Mr. Moore said he thought that while the long-term effects of the divestiture program would be bene-ficial to the company, the short-

#### NOTICE OF REDEMPTION **GOETAVERKEN 81/1%**

ed Bouds due 15th September, 1987 U.S.\$40,000,000.-

Sixth Redeviption due 15th September, 1983 Notice is hereby given to the bondholders of the above issue, that the amount redecemble on September 15, 1983 i.e. U.S.\$2,080,000, was bought back in the market.

For Gostaverken Arendal A.B. (former A.B. Gostaverken) BANK OF AMERICA INTERNATIONAL S.A.

ant outstanding U.S.\$28,000,000.-

Luxembourg
Fiscal Agent and Principal Paying Agent

All of these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

### 13,700,000 Shares

### Mack Trucks, Inc.



Common Stock

(\$1.00 par value)

### Rising Demand Brings New Oil Price Stability

(Continued from Page 7) nd that the war could engulf eighboring OPEC countries. But without a heightening of the ar, the experts are in broad agree-ient on a likely course of crude-oil emand and prices during the next a to eight months: Prices will rehin largely unchanged, demand rill continue to grow slowly and he OPEC ministers will meet late 1 the year to negotiate a higher This expectation was buttressed

isi week when Sheikh Ahmed Zaki amani, the oil minister of Saudi rabia, told the official news agen-y in Kuwait that there is a "high robability" that OPEC would teet in the fourth quarter to raise meanwhile, is reflected in recent

taximum it is allowed under the official price, for more than arrent OPEC ceiling.

regest producer in OPEC, would consider the international crude-construction of the internation of the internat He also said Saudi Arabia, the ice structure was lowered an avage 15 percent in March, bringg the price of Sandi Arabian surpluses and falling prices are anude to \$29 a barrel from \$34 a

And U.S. gasoline refiners consoon," said Mr. Pratt. tue to struggle with surplus inintories and production capacity. ith most economists projecting it or declining demand for the

ullips, for example, lowered its

F.P.S.
FINANCIAL PLANNING SERVICES BV
Kolverstroot 112, 3rd Floor
1012 PK AMSTERDAM, Holland. . The surplus was reflected in an-Amcements last week by several hjor U.S. refining companies of wer wholesale gasoline prices.

gasoline price in some Middle Western states by a one-half cent a gallon, while Standard Oil of Cali-fornia reduced its price 1 cent a gallon in several Western states. Mr. Burns predicted that gaso-line demand would continue to fall

because the retail price of the fuel, which averaged \$1.25 a gallon in the United States in July, "is still high enough to encourage conser vation." Nonetheless, he said he expects consumption of crude oil in the United States and in other major industrial nations to rise for the rest of the year, bringing the de-mand for OPEC crude to about 20 million barrels by the fourth quar-

The stability of the oil market prices for crude on the spot, or Sheikh Yamani said his country, noncontract, market. Saudi Arabihich was producing less than 3
nillion barrels a day in March, had
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The spot market, where 20-30 sanctioned prices if traders expect shortages, and it sets lower prices if ticipated. Recent spot-market prices "are telling us the world thinks OPEC's prices won't change

PORTINAX DEVELOPMENT LIMITED Bid: U.S. \$51/4. Asked: U.S. \$51/4. As of date: Aug. 12, 1983.

Lazard Frères & Co.

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

Shearson/American Express Inc.

Bear, Stearns & Co. Alex. Brown & Sons

Hambrecht & Quist

Prudential-Bache

The First Boston Corporation Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette

Kidder, Peabody & Co.

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co.

E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.

Robertson, Colman & Stephens

A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc.

Wertheim & Co., Inc.

Montgomery Securities

L.F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

A. G. Becker Paribas Blyth Eastman Paine Webber **Drexel Burnham Lambert** 

Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb

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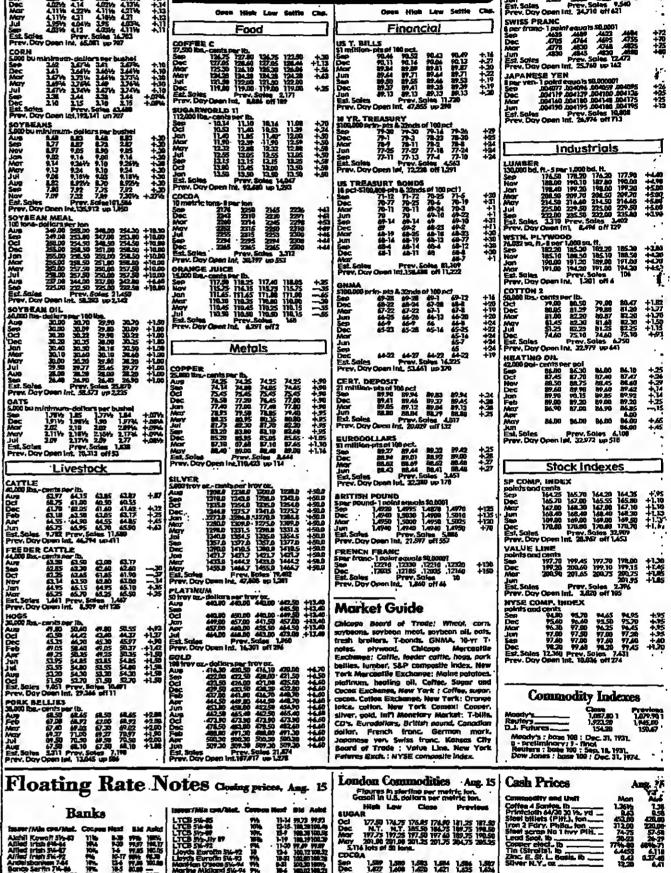
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PL OII OOS 9 NEW LOWS nesia Is Planning Double LNG Output
KARTA — Indonesia expetts
uble its production and exof liquelied natural gas to 22
n tons by 1986, Yudo Sundirector of, Pertamina, the
old and gas company, was
d as saying by the official
a news agency.
Sumbono said the gas would
exported to Japan and South
Last year Indonesia sold
million tons of liquefied natuis, its entire production, to

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Trade Deficit Narrows BERN — Switzerland's trade deficit shrank to 418.6 million Swiss francs (3190.9 million) in July from 672.0 million francs in June, the government announced Monday. The deficit was, however, 11.4 percent higher than in July 1982, it added. A CARLON CONTRACTOR

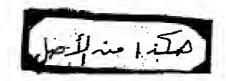
Japanese Camera Exports TOKYO — Japanese exports of still cameras are expected to in-crease about 12 percent in 1983 to 11.82 million units, officials of the Japan Camera Industry Association esid Manday.

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Monday's AMEX Closing (Continued from Page 10) CollTPG \_50 27 24 J.4 S .70+ 1.2 13 1,40 7.7 

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PUT : **MONEY** WHERE THE

### U.S. Airline Industry Makes a Comeback But Firms' Recovery Is Weaker Than Some Experts Expected

By Douglas B. Feaver

Washington Pout Service NEW YORK — After three consecutive years of record losses, the U.S. airline industry is making a comeback. But it is weaker than some experts had expected and several companies appear to be in

"It's a mixed bag," a U.S. official said, noting such anomalies as a \$49.7-million second-quarter operating profit at Pan American World Airways — long considered a troubled company — and a \$50.9million operating loss at Delta Airlines, which for years has enjoyed a reputation as stable, well managed and consistently profitable. Adding uncertainty are ques-

tions of how well individual carri-ers will respond to the challenges posed by deregulation, whether they will add more flights and seats than the network can absorb and the potential drain on profitability of continuing fare wars. "Indications are that [second-

quarter) sirline results are pooter than anticipated," said H. Carl Munson, vice president of strategic planning for Boeing Commercial Airplane Co., a unit of Boeing Co. The Air Transport Association of America is predicting that the industry will be profitable this year for the first time in four years, but that presumes that a strong third

quarter and a minimally damaging fourth quarter will be enough to overcome a record first-quarter loss of \$600 millions of \$650 million.

History is of little help in fore-casting what the industry will do, because this is the first economic recovery since the airlines were giv-

en the right to charge what they want, fly where they want and re-fuse to fly where they don't want to recessions — as soon as the airlines could get fare and service changes approved by the Civil Aeronantics Board. Now, sirlines can devise substantial and service changes approved by the Civil Aeronantics well.

When all the second-quarter results are in, according to preliminate the second service changes are serviced to the service changes are serviced to the second service changes are serviced to the serviced to the service changes are serviced to the service changes are serviced to the servic their own strategies without check-

ing first with the government.
One of the big differences between now and when the industry was regulated is that cost control has become very important," said Daniel P. Kaplan, director of the CAB's office of economic analysis. The CAB isn't there to protect the

inefficient carriers anymore."

Moreover, well managed carriers can seek specialized segments of the market and prosper, as People Express has proven with its nofolls, low-fare approach and despite its primitive reservation sys-

Edwin L Coloday, chairman of Washington-based USAir, one of the arrives that has performed ex- sociation.

more-Washington International and United Airlines has amounced

Several industry experts interviewed think traffic growth has peaked. "We're expecting the third quarter to come in weak as far as year," said 8 West Coast analyst.
"We knew it was going to take
some time to absorb the (new) capacity; they may be putting it in a little bit faster than would be pru-

The airlines customarily do well in the second and third quarters, buttressed as they are by summer vacation travel. Thus, fares have "firmed for the moment," in the cuphernism of one airline executive, meaning that other airlines don't have to match Pan Am's \$99 fares. But it is agreed that big bargains for the careful shopper will reappear in the autumn, another factor which makes forecasting di-

"We could see some selective brush fire fare wars," said Mr. Co-

"If everybody's back to \$99 fares it makes it a disaster," said Mr.

ment, but discount tickets still remain an extraordinarily important factor in the airline profit-and-loss picture. Between 85 and 90 percent of all airline passengers are flying on some kind of a discount, the Air Transport Association estimates, and the discounts average 46 percent off full fare. Discounts are no In years past analysts looked at a monolithic industry that traditionally followed the economy out of a superity positions and the economy out of the superity positions are no longer the province of just the vacation traveler, business travel officers.

> nary numbers developed by the as-sociation, industrywide operating profit will be between \$80 million and \$90 million, down from last year's \$123-million second-quarter profit

But last year's second quarter was not enough to save the industry from its worst annual performance ever, a \$733.4-million operating loss on \$36.4 billion in revenue.

This year, the association predicts, the industry will slip back into the black with a profit of at least \$200 million and perhaps as much as \$800 million. "That's a broad range, but these things are extremely sensitive," said George James, chief economist for the as-

the arrinnes that has performed exfremely well with a conservative
but consistent growth policy since
deregulation, said, "The relative
(long-term) strength of the industry
is going to be influenced not only
by the present players, but also by
how active new entrants become."

Mr. Iames also is not ecstatic
with the return the industry is
active; "We should be doing
between \$2-billion and \$2.5-billion
profit on \$40 billion in sales to
average the profit margin of the
rest of U.S. industry," he said.

# holders take full adv

had what everybody else was trying to create," said one analyst. "But they were a little too big" and re-ceived aggressive competition, par-ticularly from Piedmont. Delta has also been unusual in that it has adhered strictly to a no-layoff policy, which has added to its operat-

ment cannot be made for some oth-

Mr. Colodny also said that a major question affecting recovery is whether there will be enough passengers to soak up new capacity. Piedmont Airlines has recently deregulation and fighting through the processing in the control of the process of th Piedmont Airlines has recently deregulation and fighting through necessarily in that order. Western based a major expansion at Balti- a recession. "Look at what they started out second quarter; Continental was with," one noted. "A long-haul \$14 million in the red; Republic

plans for growth at San Francisco route structure, a strong presence incured a loss of \$27.5 million, and in the Northeast, and too many jumbo jets," the antithesis of regional carriers such as USAir and Short-term favorite with Wall Piedmont that have succeeded in Street analysts, then showed a deregulation by strengthening hub- \$13.5-million operating loss in the traffic goes, because yields are go and-spoke operations and using second quarter in contrast to a ing to be much improved over last smaller planes to connect big cities \$4.6-million profit a year earlier.

structure. It has been working to reduce the proportion of jumbo jets in its fleet. It initiated Super Saver fares, started the frequent-flyer programs and has been aggressive-ly selling its Sabre computer reser-vations system to travel agents

American won the second-quar-ter sweepstakes with an operating profit of \$57.1 million, up from a \$17.4-million profit a year earlier.

But that was not as surprising as Pan Am's showing, Its \$49.7-milfion second-quarter operating prof-it is a remarkable turnaround from a \$41,2-million operating loss a

A Pan Am official worried privately at that time that persistent rumors of bankruptcy were driving the travel agents to book passen-gers away from the carrier, just as appened to Braniss in the weeks

before its bankruptcy. Then Pan Am began to do the things it had to do; it redesigned its route structure into 8 domestic-international hub-and-spoke at John F. Kennedy International in New York, raised money and heavily advertised those \$99 fares, making it impossible for travel agents not to book them. Pan Am gets high marks from industry analysts.

Delta was the biggest surprise at the other end of the spectrum. It reported a \$50.9-million secondquarter operating loss this year-compared with a \$34.9-million opcrating profit in the second quarter

When deregulation came, "Delta

Delta is by no means regarded as

American gradually shifted its understand whatever phenomenom emphasis from the Northeast to was at work here, said TWA:

Dailas-Fort Worth, where it now spokesman Jerry Cosley. "We're has a formidable hub-and-spoke not at all pleased with these re-

There was unanimity among along the way, there will be another airline failure or two, although nobody sees that in the short term.



### Swedish Export Firms **Expect Record Profits**

main export companies are heading profits when negotiations begin on for record profits this year, build-next year's wages.

porting big sales increases. Riotech-nology and chemicals are two other Some analysts

in the first half of this year — triple that for the corresponding period

imports started tiking this winter. cooperation.

He predicted in an interview that Sweden had a net currency in-

This compares with the government's revised budget forecast,
made in April, of an 18.8-billioningures could also indicate the start The current account deficit is now bankers said. due basically to the cost of servicing Sweden's foreign debt; two years ago it was caused by Sweden's importing more than it ex-

For the first time in 10 years, stressing that his forecast was based on a fairly gloomy international outlook for 1984.

However, the record profits that Swedish export companies are heading for this year could cause problems in the long run, according

By Richard Wallis
STOCKHOLM — Sweden's fuel in by demanding a share of the

for record profits this year, building up a huge trade surplus and helping to write an economic success story for the country less than a year after a major currency devaluation.

The experts stressed that inflationary wage settlements could deprive Swedish exporters of the competitive edge gained through successive devaluations. The krona has been devalued 45 percent since

crage profit increases of 60 perturn by the main companies quoted on the Stockholm Stock Exchange, and the bourse is booming in another another and the bourse is booming in another and the bourse is booming in anticipation of interim results.

What makes Swedish companies among the most profitable in the world in some sectors is the cost advantages reaped from October's 16-percent devaluation of the krons and the communing surge of the process of the largest of the percent in 1984, from 9 percent now.

The Swedish forestry industry
does its invoices in dollars, and the
U.S. market is the main foreign one
able to meet that target will be Some economists think that the for antomakers such as Volvo and through a revaluation of the krona, Saab-Scania, both of which are re-

Some analysts think the governsectors reporting full order books in Sweden's export-led recovery. labor and keep wage rises low by in Sweden's export-led recovery.

The success of Swedish exporters is reflected in a trade surplus of 9.45 billion krouger (\$1.18 billion) of union-scotrolled investment

in the first half of this year—triple that for the corresponding period of 1982.

Soren Andersson, chief economist at Sparbankernas Bank, said he was convinced that the export boom would continue even when of the work force—to secure LO's

the year would end with a trade flow of 910 million kronor in July, surplus of 9 billion kronor and a and 200 million came in during the balance-of-payments deficit on the carrent account of 10 billion kronor and a net outflow of L52 billion in July in the present would end with a trade surplus of 900 million came in during the first week of August. There was a net outflow of L52 billion in July in the present would end with a trade surplus of 100 million kronor in July in the present would end with a trade surplus of 100 million kronor in July in the present would end with a trade surplus of 900 million kronor in July in the present would end with a trade surplus of 900 million kronor in July.

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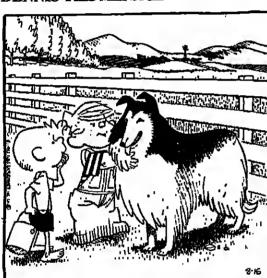
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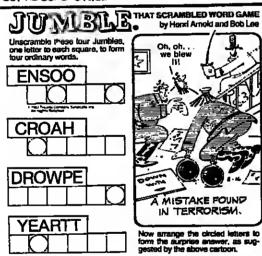
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New York Times, edited by Eugene Maleska.

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#### **PEANUTS**

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I CAN'T SLEEP!

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THAT?

ANDY CAPP

CAN I BORROW YOUR ELECTRIC DRILL FOR A COUPLE OF HOURS,

WIZARD of ID

I RECEIVED A PHONE CALL

PRINCIPAL SAYING SHE

WANTED TO SEE ME

**GARFIELD** 

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FROM THE SUMMER SCHOOL

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WATTRESS ... THIS MAN IS

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SOMETHING

















### **BOOKS**

#### MOON DELUXE

By Frederick Barthelme. 230 pp. \$15.95. Simon & Schuster, 1230 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y. 10020.

#### Reviewed by Richard Eder

There are nights in the fairy tales when toys and the tables cavort, while the humans sleep or are suspended in a trance. Fremans steep of are suspended in a trance. Fro-derick Barthelme's post-modernist Sunbelt, governed and drugged by gadgets and other quick bright things, is like that. Condos with swimming pools, shiny cars, microwaved restaurants with Gay '90s motifs,

frozen waffles and cartons of orange juice, boutique counters at department stores, and endless weekends of driving around and barhopping; these are the concrete and visible elements of Barthelme's alarmingly precise short stories. The people are passive and ghost-

At least the men are. Characteristically, the parrator is there in his apartment looking at stereo magazines or watching TV and cooking himself scrambled eggs; and a young woman comes by for him. The man abandons the tentative dinner, wipes the Formica counter with a paper towel—he is self-protective, this young man, he doesn't drink, do any considerable drugs or shrivel with passion — and they drive 50 miles out of town toward the Gulf Coast. He has feelings but they are chastened

to muteness; he goes along. Sometimes, instead of one woman, two or three take the initiative. They notice a young man eyeing them in a department store and surround him. They pat him on the buttocks, tell him he's handsome, invite him over. They are predators, but frail and touching. Their moves are tropisms, plant-roots feeling for water in a desert that's parched. The men are becalmed; the women whistle for a wind and fall silent.

Mostly, the action is very small. The stories tend to consist of beginnings without endings, or middles without beginnings or endings; or they simply end in mid-gesture. Several do have an element of wry anecdote. In "Monster Deal" there is the invasion of the narrator's bungalow by an exuberant Amazon; she ends up stealing a newspaper delivery girl whom, with a display of imitative rare for a Barthelme character, he had invited to dinner. In "Safeway" the discreet signals made by the narrator to induce a woman to pick him up go by the board after some comically clusive fenc-ing, when it becomes apparent that she will finally go off with a van driver instead. There is pain in the failure but, typically, an exultation

in once again being uninvolved.

"You wave too," Barthelme writes as they separate, "in a quick, jerky movement, then step om into the parking lot, whistling, looking over the tops of the sparkling cars for your black Mazda." The use of "your instead of "I" is a descent the Evench have need it too—to is a device - the French have used it too - to

set the narrator at a greater distance from his narration. And his black Mazda is far more real and comforting than the vague illusion and vague pain of human relations.

Making human contact in the world of Frederick Barthelme (brother of Donald and pubderick Barthelme (brother of Donald and published in book form for the first time) is !iiii
deep-sea diving. It is difficult, it requires traiting and preparation, it is done in an alien element and through breathing equipment.
Strange forms swim up suddenly, flash their fins and disappear; and it is always a relief to get back to the boat. One character taps on his TV screen when he notices that the news anchorwoman has a lock of hair out of place, and chorwoman has a lock of hair out of place, and there is more lenderness expressed there than in anything he does with a flesh and blood woman who drops in to go out.

In some respects Barthelme resembles Ann

Beattie; there is a guarded neutrality of tone, and an accomplished voicing of emotion by concealment. The speech is flat or askew. semingly inconsequential, yet as indicative as a mask. Not a carved mask but the kind mask made by a stocking or a plain silk scart. In a way, though, Barthelme is scarier. What is tack in Beattie is suppressed emotion: in the Moon Debyes stories the emotion is there—

"Moon Deluxe" stories the emotion is there which is why the aimless encounters and nearmisses gnaw at us - hut it is not so much suppressed as mildewed. In the heat, A damp cloud of prosperity has descended on the con-dominium communities of Mississippi and

Prosperity obscures purposes. What people do is not clear — they run trendy shops, perhaps, or work on computers or teach at universities — but in any case what they do is not important enough to identify them. The weekend is the battleground, but for a war of

weekend is the battleground, but to a win sentrenchment, not of position.

Prosperity also obscures identities. One full-long girl is given a \$17,000 water-blue Peugeot for her birthday; she cruises around trying to re-ignite an affair with an older man that started when she was 13. "We had a little romance," is the way the narrator puts it. blankly, blandly. They end up at his apartment. Whether anything much happens is not mentioned; sex would be as unimportant as the

furniture or the contents of the refrigerator. In fact, furniture and furnishings are what is important. "Yon've got a great couch," the girls says, lying on it. She asks for a cream soda, but the narrator only has Coke. She asks for a Mountain Dew. "Yoo might as well ask for a Grapette," the narrator says; "Grapette that " kind of went away, I guess. I hate that."

In the world that Barthelme evokes with so

much wit, such an acute ear and so large desolation, it is not childhood that is lost, not empires and passions that rise and decline. It is consumer brands. Grapette, like brightness, falls from the air. That is his point: There is no other brightness.

Richard Eder is on the staff of the Los Angeles

### **CHESS**

By Robert Byrne

I N the defensive system that Akeson used against the quiet, positional 4 Q-B2 varia-tion of the Ninzzo-Indian, the current trend is away from counterattack with 11. N-K5; 12 Q-B2, P-KB4 because 13 N-K1, followed by 14 P-B3, readvanced black KBP may

prove to be a weakness.

Instead of 14. ... N-N1, with
the plan of 15. ... N-B3 and
16. ... N-QN5, Akesson could
have guarded his KN2 square
by 14. ... Q-B1, thus preventing

The Swede's 17...P-R4 looked strange in view of White's impending attack on the kingside, but he had in mind aggressive counterplay.

30 RxR, RxRch; 31 QxR, since 31. . .P.R6 (31. . .N-N27; 32 Q-K7!); 32 P-B51, PxBP; 33 NxRP clearly favors White.

Accepting Akesson's knight sacrifice with 28. ... N-N6 by 29 PxN, PxNP; 30 N-R3, BxN; 31 PxB, QxRP; 32 Q-Q2; PxP; 33 Q-KN2, Q-R5! would have led to unclear play, so Hort de-

to iniciear play, so front de-clined it with 29 R-B3.

Anyway, Akesson could not back off with 29...N-B4 be-cause 30 P-K4, N-Q5; 31 PxPl, N-R2; 32 NxPl, NxRch; 33 PxN, Q-N2; 34 NxP, RxP; 35 V N. D. Ok. 36 R.N?; 35 K-Rl, R-Ql; 36 B-N21 re-covers the exchange with a win-ning two-pawn advantage for White.

Accordingly, Akesson pressed on with 29. N-N5 (29. P-K5?; 30 PxN, PxR; 31 mind aggressive counterplay.

Hort's 24 N-B2 was no pawn sacrifice because 24. PxP, 25 PxP, NxP?; 26 N-N4! costs Black a piece.

Akesson could not well get the rooks off, after 28 B-B1, with 28. PxP; 29 PxP, RxR; (29. P-K5?; 30 PxN, PxR; 31 QxN, RPxP; 32 NxP/3, B-N5; 33 Q-N5 wins for White), but after 30 P-K4!, Q-R4, the Czech collected the rent with 31 PxN.

Akesson's position was now hopeless, and after his horren-



dous time-pressure bluoder.

34...N-B3?; 35 BxQ, he gave NAMES OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

Venn.

Aug 12



ways on Monday to support the planned European A-320 Airbus.

am's acrospace industry as a part-ner in the six-nation Airbus consor-tium and that the project would give the European acrospace indus-try a base from which to compete with the United States in world civil-aviation markets.

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### **SPORTS**

# U.S. Track Stars Experience the 2 Sides of Helsinki Like in the Water of Foiled Change at the Spotlight For Mary Decker, Her Double Victory Evened a Score With Soviet Runners For Mary Decker, Her Double Victory Evened a Score With Soviet Runners For Mary Decker, Her Double Victory Evened a Score With Soviet Runners For Mary Decker, Her Double Victory Evened a Score With Soviet Runners For Mary Decker, Her Double Victory Evened a Score With Soviet Runners For Mary Decker, Her Double Victory Evened a Score With Soviet Runners Evened a Score With Soviet Runners

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articline its After all, this was the first time article neurally since 1972 that the world's best impers and throwers had coch is flat a gathered in one stadium. By commual tet as the parison, any other track meet is a mark but tet sock hop, and this was the prom.

And nobody had that feeling any arthur is the stronger than Steve Scott, who came here ready to dance.

came here ready to dance.

The condition is came here ready to dance.

Running in possibly the most exception and star-studded event Cui in the LS00 competitive and star-studes event competitive and star-studes event in the seven-day meet, the 1500 meters, Scott had a chance to wipe determined on the country, out a runner's lifetime of obscurity, and he was ready.

Never more confident and con-

. Never more confident and conpurpose Will ditioned and determined, Amerither to but ca's all-time greatest miler came
1 computer or here expecting to kick some butt.

Rue when it was over Scott was But when it was over, scott the kickee, finishing a game second to Steve Cram, the latest model to roll off Britain's Chariots of Fire we dening assembly line.

assembly assembly massed race, Scott spot-

1 13. We have the name of the street him and the name in."

1 13. We have the name in. That is not how Scott had envised on the name is smooth as the carefully planned his months as he carefully planned his

is cond in a is somed the race over the last few months as he carefully planned his the as unimprate training and mapped out strategies ents of the plans. For every conceivable style and pace of race. How confident was pace of race. How confident was Scott going in?

She asis for the finish line, and I had imagined what I would do on the victory narrator say to lap. Scott said. Some of the rungues: I hat the mers in this race thought they had a chance to win, but I really felt I was accepted as a soing to win the race. I truly bescute car and a going to win the race. I truly be-

childhood that a lieved it. Since Scott is oot the most highly time into track star in the United four years.

True to his image, Scott offered no excuses, realizing that this was a no-excuses track meet.

"He [Cram] is definitely No. 1,"
Scott said. "This was the major race
of the year and it doesn't matter what happens the rest of the year, he'll be No. I and I'll be No. 2. It doesn't matter if I break a zillion records. I knew the rankings would come off this meet. He won, and all power to him."

A most sporting attitude for a man who had just missed the op-portunity of a lifetime.

Consider: For the last six years, Scott has been best miler in the United States. He has the world's ll-time second and fourth fastest mile times and the number lost just meters time. Last year he lost just one race, when he was ill, and ranked second in the world to

Yet Scott has never been overburdened with recognition.
"Steve won't talk about this," said his coach. Len Miller, "but I think there is a tendency for people to slight him."

Miller points out that Scott was the national mile champion when he was at the University of California, at Irvine, but the athletic dopartment gave its outstanding ath-lete award to an unranked tennis player. And Scott lives in Arizona now, but has never received the state's Amateur Athlete of the Year

Sunday's race was his chance to run out of the shadows into the spotlight, "Scott's day may have come," the magazine Track & Field News said it in its pre-meet issue.

The world was watching, including a good number of Americans who tune into track about once every family for the state of th four years.

If think I have the incentive to go ont and prove something."



Steve Scott ... the pain of second

when a Soviet relay runner elbowed her off the track during a race that she threw the relay baton at her

Sunday, at the World Track and Field Championships, Decker showed she has found a better way to deal with Soviet runners who try to push her around on the track. She outrups them.

For the second time in five days, Decker fought back from a last-lap challenge by a Soviet runner to win a world championship. Last Wednesday, it was the 3,000-meter run. Sunday, it was the 1,500-meter run, which she won with a brilliant stretch drive after being passed and cut off by Zamira Zaytseva of the Soviet Union on the final turn.

Decker's two victories here will almost certainly make her America's favorite as the U.S. athletes prepare for the 1984 Olympics next summer in Los Angeles. But she has been an American favorite be-

Then she was "little Mary Decker," a pigualled child prodigy of running who began competition at Il in California.

At 12, she was training — and racing — as hard and as often as any grown-up. By 14, she was an indoor-record holder and a seasoned international veteran, given a serious chance for an Olympic medal at Montreal in 1976, when she would still be 17.

But the chance never came. A teen-ager's body is not made for Decker was hardly able to walk,

causing most of her leg troubles: a little-known ailment called "compartment syndrome," in which the calf muscles, expanding in re-

sponse to exercise, are squeezed by their sheaths, causing intense pain. Dick Quax, the 1976 Olympic 5,000-meter silver medalist from New Zealand, had solved the same problem through surgery. It worked for Decker, too, and Quax became her coach.

Her problems were not over. She attended the University of Colora-do for a year, won the national collegiate cross-country championship, then dropped out of school. In 1980 she won the 1,500-meter Olympic Trials, but was prevented from competing in Moscow because of the U.S. boycon of the Games. Two weeks after the Olympics ended, Decker set a U.S. re-cord of 3:59.43, but she finished 50 meters behind the Soviet Olympic champion, Tatyana Kazankina.

Since 1982. Decker has been the terror of the track, setting world records for the mile, the 5,000 meters and the 10,000 meters, as well as U.S. records for 800, 1,500 and 3,000 meters.

In Helsinki she protected her privacy by staying in a hotel rather than at the "village" where most of the 1,500 athletes who compete here were quartered. To concentrate on her races, she says, "I've isolated myself here as much as I

For two decades the Soviet women were the best female distance runners in the world, but by run-

### CARACAS - The ninth Pan competition in getting this far, 33 SA

Mary Decker

ATDK

the Russians, to reassess their racing strategy. Said Zaytseva after moved from the village to a com-Sunday's race, "I think we will have fortable apartment hotel downto change our tactics."

After her victory here Sunday, Decker said: "I came here to learn how to race, to run well and try to do my best and I've done that. And ning them into the ground here, do my best and I've done that. And Decker has achieved her goals for 1 think what I've done here is going to give other American runners

American Games has begun with pageantry that for the moment made onlookers forget the prob-lems of this quadrennial sports

Civilian workmen and soldiers worked through Saturday night and Sunday morning to complete preparations at the Central University's Olympic Stadium, Late Sunday afternoon, the stadium was the site for opening ceremonies that attracted an overflow crowd of more than 20,000 and most of the 4,000 athletes from 36 countries.

Among those at the ceremonies were Juan Antonio Samaranch of Spain, president of the International Olympic Committee; William E. Simon, president of the U.S. Olym-pic Committee; and Peter Ueber-roth, president of the Los Angeles Olympic Organizing Committee for the 1984 Games. The three met by chance Saturday afternoon in the athletes' village io ocarby Guarenas.

Four reporters were leaving the building housing the U.S. team when Samaranch and Ueberroth, touring the village, walked by. Just as the two men stopped to talk with the reporters, Simon returned from

lunch at the village cafeteria. Samaranch asked about reports that the living quarters in the village were overcrowded, dirty, and unfinished. Simon told him that

while problems existed, they were ... winning the 3,000 meters Simon did not mention that several U.S. maie softball players had First Medals Awarded

moved to another hotel. Before the meeting with Samar-

anch, Simon played down the prob-lems of the uncompleted village, "You recognize that countries in ent tempo from us," he said, "So pistol,

It'll be cleaned up. It's not a hard-

ship."
Then, using an unusual metaphor for amateur athletes. Simon said: "The athletes aren't complaining. They're all pros.

In the opening ceremonies, President Luis Herrera Campins of Venezuela presided. There was the usual flag-raising, torch-carrying, anthems and hymns, oath-taking in behalf of athletes and officials and the freeing of doves. Then came performances by bands, dance groups, and gymnasts.

The final torch-bearer was Francisco Rodriguez of Venezuela, a Pan American boxing champion.

The largest contingent here by far is the 575 or so athletes from the United States. And as usual, the United States is expected to win the most gold medals and the most total medals. Its major challenger is expected to be Cuba, which has entered 163 athletes.

The Cubans are especially strong boxing, fencing, and weight lifting. The boxing finals on Aug. 28, the final day of competition, seem sure to be a highlight of the compe-tition. The United States and Cuba are expected to share most of the gold medals in boxing.

The boxing starts on Tuesday, There was no competition on Sunday. Competition began Monday in basketball, baseball, fencing. field hockey, judo, shooting, soc-cer, softball, tennis, and weight lift-

Eric Buljung and Pat Spurgin of the United States captured the first town. Several Canadian athletes two individual gold medals of the Games Monday, The Associated Press reported from Caracas.

Buljung was first in men's free pistol, and Spurgin was first in the Latin America function at a differ- won the team gold medal in free

### Dallas Cowboys: Erecting Barriers Around a Tarnished Image

By Paul Attner Washington Post Service

THOUSAND OAKS, California Autograph seekers who once waited patiently outside the dormitories at the Dallas Cowboys training camp now are kept away by wooden barriers and signs warning "authorized personnel only."

For the first time in years, curlew is being checked regularly. No exappearances at meetings or doctors' appointments. Competition for positions, once

an afterthought at camp, is strong. Ten reserves, including quarter-back Gary Hogeboom, were to start Monday night's preseason Peallonaters against the Los Angeles Rams Regular quarterback Danny White had a terse "no comment"
When asked about the switch, and the Cowboys have a dandy quarter-back controversy brewing.

Any players using drugs have other end."

Any players using drugs have the comment of the cowboys have a dandy quarter-back controversy brewing.

Any players using drugs have distractions. Instead, he got conflict them and the Redskins and Bengals have players who either have been formatty them out, confront them and the comment of the read."

Landry, who obviously wants evitive approach. We just aren't going erything possible read into those to tolerate it."

FBI agent turned director of security is a daily reminder of the team's tion of the barriers, which are insirables" from the players' living

This is Camp Cowboy, affection-The presence here of a former ately nicknamed Fort Landry. other troubles. Published reports Conference title game prompted limked five players (Tony Dorsett, Harvey Martin, Tony Hill, Ron Springs, Larry Bethea) to cocaine playeds 16 of the last 17-years, investigations in Dallas. None of including 12 appearances in the the five has been charged, but pub-licity resulting from the allegations Any season that doesn't include a tarnished the all-important Cowboys image and led to the construc- by the Cowboys. The result: a

"Don't read anything into the solve the problem," says General Dextor Clinkscale). And he got the or who have admitted under testibeen dropped years ago. He orlineup changes, "says Coach Tom Manager Tex Schramm. "It's a posture the problem," says General Dextor Clinkscale). And he got the or who have admitted under testibeen dropped years ago. He orlineup changes, "says Coach Tom Manager Tex Schramm. "It's a posture the problem," says General Dextor Clinkscale). And he got the or who have admitted under testibeen dropped years ago. He orlineup changes, "says Coach Tom Landry, who obviously wants evitable and the problem," says General Dextor Clinkscale). And he got the or who have admitted under testibeen dropped years ago. He orlineup changes, "says Coach Tom Manager Tex Schramm. "It's a posture that they bought drops, But dered a halt to posttouchdown end camp's opening days (Martin was the Dallas problems have received zone spikiog and celebration

Frastration over three straight losses in the National Football including 12 appearances in the tougher approach, as exemplified by Landry's pledge to "keep tight-ening down the screws and keep squeezing until it comes out the other end."

arrived). That turmoil refuses to though no Cowboy has been arrestsubside, much to the players' dis-

Football used to be fun," said Martin, "You could have a pure, old-fashioned good time. You still want to win and go to the Super Bowl, but so many different things come into play now. If makes you really want to hurry up and get out of the game."

A Cowboys' official complained

Says receiver Drew Pearson: "No question the image has been hurt. A lot of people out there are waiting for the Cowboys to fall, for bad things to happen to us. We've got this image, America's Team, and so forth. It put us high on the pedestal. When we do mess up or slip a little, it's really bloated in the

But I guarantee that this will last week that "people really didn't care if Tony Peters or Ross Browner or Pete Johnson are in be cleaned up, straightened out and be cleaned up, straightened out and Super Bowl, it has been."

Receiver Butch Johnson, who no

son, some veteran players com-plained to Landry and Schramm, asking them to get tougher. The players were concerned about the drug problems and about rumors that a few teammates broke curfew the night before the NFC title game. Schramm says those com-

plinarian image, let things slide a bit lately. Not at this camp. One day, he canceled the players usual Wednesday night without curfew. Another day, he revived grass drills, a punishing exercise that had

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greeted by 17 reporters when he far more national publicity, even dances. Then he announced the lineup changes.

Even Landry admits he isn't sure how his veterans will react. "It's been a little tough on them because you get used to a pattern and that's been changed," he said. "We concentrated more on details this summer. Take a pass pattern. You think you know how it works, but if you try to explain it, you can't.
You've taken it for granted. We've

trouble. But if Tony Dorsett or Harvey Martin is involved, then it's big news."

Certainly, other teams such as Certainly, o gotten so much publicity and we were so successful that we had gotten away from the team concept. It became all 'I' and not 'we.' He [Landry] is just emphasizing to us that everything we do right oow revolves around foutball, instead of football revolving around every-

Regarding leaders, Johnson says Landry "is wishing he was in the

### **SPORTS BRIEFS**

### Levi Edges Aoki, Peete in Buick Golf

GRAND BLANC, Michigan (AP) — Wayne Levi charged from three strokes off the pace to earn a one-stroke victory over Isao Aoki and Calvin Peete in the Buick Open on Sunday, Levi shot a final-round 7under-par 65 for a 16-under 272 total - breaking the tournament record of 273 set last year by Lanny Wadkins.

Peete arrived at the 18th needing a birdie to catch Levi, but he left his

second shot 43 feet short of the cup, then let his putt slide by on the right side to finish with a 67 for the day.

Aoki, the third round leader, also occded to birdie the 18th to tie Levi.

Aoki's 183-yard approach shot stopped eight feet from the pin. But with

Levi looking on from the scorer's tent behind the green, Aoki let his put slide by on the right side - just as Peete had done. John Cook, who won the Canadian Open two weeks ago, finished fourth at 274, Wadkins and Frank Conner ued for lifth at 275.

"Has it been a success? Check with me in January. If we make the Super Bowl. it has been a success? What has been a success? Check with me in January. If we make the Super Bowl. it has been a success? Check MANHATTAN REACH CARGONICAL CONTROLLER. MANHATTAN BEACH, California (AP) - Top-seeded Martina

win the Los Angeles women's tennis tournament here.

Evert managed to hold service only once in the first set after Navratilova took a 5-0 lead. Navratilova finished off the set in 22 minutes. In the second set, Navratilova broke service first to take a 2-1 lead and then broke Lloyd again in the fifth game. Evert broke her opponet in the eighth game, but Navratilova dominated the oext game by earning four straight points. "A lot of things went my way," Navratilova said. "I served really

"Her baseline game today was better than mine," Evert said. "She was hitting deep and I couldn't come in." Navratilova "is well above every-body else," Evert added. "When I play other girls' serves, I can stand back and I'm not pressed. But with Martina, I leel the pressure."

#### Australia II, Victory '83 Lead Yachting

Roger Stanbach era. Roger was a unique person, like a player-coach. He only comes around once in a while. Our leaders will emerge in NEWPORT, Rhode Island (AP)—Australia II, using its controversial keel, breezed to an easy vistory Sunday over Azzurra, and Victory '83 won a shortened race against Canada 1 in the America's Cup trials Sunday. The victories gave both boats 2-0 records in the semi-final foreign

### Denny Wins 7th Straight, 5-1 Defeat of Cardinals Compiled by Our Stoff From Dispatches PHILADELPHIA — Greg Gross drove in three runs with a Atlanta in the NL West. Valenzuela (12-6) went the first 7% innings, with Niedenfuer getting his loss despite yielding just three hits. Atlanta in the NL West. Valenzuela (12-6) went the first 7% innings, with Niedenfuer getting his loss despite yielding just three hits. Gross drove in three runs with a

triple and a sacrifice fly and John Denny won his seventh straight de-cision Sunday to lead the Philadelphia Phillies to a 5-1 victory over the St. Louis Cardinals.

The triumph gave the Phils an 8-4 record over their last 12 games — all against National League East contenders — and kept them 1½ games ahead of second-place Pitts-

We're not harting anywhere," said Philadelphia's interim manager, Paul Owens, who is 17-10 since taking over from Pat Corrales. three hits, including his 15th "We're in good shape and we're rested... So we have no excuses." three hits, including his 15th homer, to help San Francisco and starter Mark Davis (2-3) to a 5-2 Denny (13-5), who has not lost since July 8, scattered 10 hits while striking out seven and walking

none in his eight innings. He gave

up a run in the eighth, when David Green singled and later scored on a single by Ozzie Smith. Mets 5, Cubs 2 In New York, George Foster broke an 0-for-13 slump with his 10th career grand slam and Ed Lynch (8-7) and Jesse Orosco com-

bined on a five-hitter to give the

Mets a three-game sweep of Chica-go with a 5-2 victory. Pirates 5, Expos 3 In Montreal, Dave Parker's tworun, bases-loaded single in the seventh broke a 3-3 tie and lifted Pittsburgh to a 5-3 victory over the Expos. Pirate starter Rick Rhoden

(9-9) allowed three runs on four

hits in six mnings. Dodgers 5, Braves 4 In Atlanta, Dusty Baker's tworun homer backed the eight-hit pitching of Fernando Valenzuela and Tom Niedenfuer as Los Angeles beat the Braves, 5-4, and moved to within 51/2 games of first-place

CFL Standings

V L T PF PA 2 0 164 145 3 0 175 157 4 0 92 149 4 0 84 156

Padres 10, Reds 9 In Cincinnati, Terry Kennedy's RBI single in the 10th scored the

BASEBALL ROUNDUP

go-ahead run off Tom Hume (1-5) as San Diego twice erased four-run Cincinnati leads and beat the Reds,

Giants 5, Astros 2 In Houston, Jeff Leonard had victory, ending the Astros' fourgame winning streak. Gary Lavelle retired nine of the 10 men he faced

to record his 14th save of the year. Orioles 2, White Sox 1 In the American League, in Chicago, Joe Nolan singled in the tieeaking run with one out in the ninth inning to give Baltimore a 2-I victory over the White Sox. The

Orioles' Scott McGregor (15-5) tied Chicago's LaMarr Hoyt for the ma-

Blue Jays 4, Brewers 3 In Toronto, Garth lorg scored from second base on a wild pitch in the eighth inning and Lloyd Mo-seby followed with his 16th home seby followed with his 16th home run of the year to lift the Blue Jays to a 7-2 victory over Seattle. to a 4-3 victory over Milwankee. The Brewers lost the last three games of the series after winning

the opener. Yankees 4, Tigers 1

eighth-inning double snapped a 1-1 tie and Ken Griffey had three hits, tie and Ken Griffey had three hits, including a two-run homer, to spark New York to a 4-1 triumph over the Tigers. Shane Rawley (11-10) pitched his 10th complete game of the year, allowing six hits and two walks while striking out four.

A's 6, Twins 0 check-swing double to back the drove in a run to lead Cleveland to three-hit pitching of Steve McCatty a 3-0 victory over Texas.

Angels 7, Mariners 2 In Anaheim, California, Tommy John tossed a five-hitter and Fred Lynn slammed a two-run homer is

Red Sox 4, Royals 3

Royals 6, Red Sox 3 In Boston, Rick Miller's one-out bases-loaded single in the bottom In Detroit, Dave Winfield's of the minth gave the Red Sox a 4-3 ighth-iming double snapped a 1-1 victory over Kansas City in the cand Ken Griffey had three hits, the nightcap, Amos Otis and George Brett drove in two runs apiece, Leon Roberts homered and Dan Quisenberry notched his 31st save to help the Royals salvage a

split, 6-3. In Oakland, California, Dwayne

In Arlington, Texas, Neal HeaMurphy drove in two runs, one ton pitched a foor-hitter for his with a broken-bet grounder, and first major-league shutout and Anignited a two-run sixth with a dre Thornton hit three singles and

### Chicago's LaMarr Hoyt for the major-league lead in victories. He Sunday's Major League Line Scores

New York Rollney, Proby (3), Brussian (5), Campbell (8) and Doyle, Lynch, Oreco (9) and Hodges, W—Lynch, B-7, L—Rollney, 12-9, HRs—Chlop-W—Cylinty By Letturey; 194, Frida-Chlog-go, Hall (8), New York, Faster (19), St. Louis See see \$10—1 19 1 Philiadelphia St. 198 10s—5 8 1 Forsch, Von Chien (8), Ructor (7), Lehti (7) and Guirk; Denny, Holfand (9) and Diaz, W— Denny, T.S.S. L—Forsch, 7-11. Baker (13). Atlanta,

First Game

Konses City 991, No. 3 9 2

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Restko and Wathen; Cckensley, Storiley (B) and Allenson, No. 3tonley, E4, L.—Renko, S-10. Second Game

Konses City 201 No. 3 91—6 11 2 Rowley, Gassuse (?) and Cerone; Berenguer, Salley (\$) and Partish W.—Rawley, 11-10. L.—Berenguer, 5-L. HR3—Item York, Griffley (?). Detroit, Herndon (14).

Sectife See ase 710—2 4 1
California See ase 710—2 4 1
California See See See—7 11 1
Beotife, Thomas (S). Moore (7) and Nelson;
John and O'Berry, W. John, 9-9, L.—Beotife, 8-9, HRs.—Seetile, 23sk (11), Henderson (12).
California, Lynn (21),
Alissessia Minnesofu typin (21), Minnesofu too see 666—3 3 Doktond sei see 38s—6 7 ( Costilio Welters (7), Whitehouse (7), Ly ney. W. McCotty, 45. L.—Costilio, 5-10. HR-Ookland, Lopes (14).

plaints were a major turning point. Perhaps Landry, who has a discithing clsc." good time."

#### competition. Azzurra of Italy and Canada I both dropped to 0-2. **ESCORTS & GUIDES** INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED INTERNATIONAL (Continued From Back Page) **ESCORT** SERVICE

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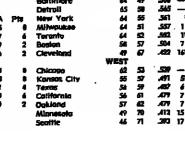
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#### CHINA POSTCARD

### Change in Chongqing

By Michael Ross United Press International

HONGQING, China — Marco Polo never visited Chong-

He bypassed this mountain city in the southeast corner of Sichuan province and went to Chengdu, the provincial capital, instead.

Except for a brief period when Chongoing (then known in the West as Chungking) served as Chialways been the more important of the two cities.

der a pilot reform project, Chong-nearly as much acid as vinegar. qing is to become the hub of an expanding industrial base in southwestern China with administrative powers of its own.

"All our decisions are made in Chengdu now," a municipal offi-cial said recently. "But this will change. We will be able to do big business on our own. We will break our administrative bondage."

Local officials say Chongqing is perfectly cast for a leading role in China's modernization. It already is heavily industrialized, has the biggest iron and steel complex in southwest China and is ideally situated above the confluence of the Yangtze and Jialing rivers.

Chongqing also seems to possess a vital, though intangible, quality most Chinese cities lack - spirit. It is evident in the bustling free markets, which hawk everything from live, wriggling eels to flannel shirts made for Sears Roebuck.

It is evident in the state-run department stores which throwing ideological caution to the wind, unabashedly compete for husiness by holding Western-style lotteries to lure customers with the chance of winning a refrigerator or color tele-

Most of all, it is evident in the people, whose quick smiles and spritely pace are in sharp contrast to the sullen looks and slow shuffle of the residents of so many other

The city rises at 6 A.M. while the morning fog is still sleeping in the buns wrapped in yesterday's news-

On the streets, people rush to work, hurrying past old men who sit in teahouses, playing checkers and drinking dark tea from cracked

At the Dickensian iron-and-steel complex on the edge of town smokestacks are already belching pretty plumes of orange and hlack poison into the sky.

Thousands of acres of crops na's capital under Chiang Kai-shek around Chongoing are lost each during World War II, Chengdu has year to acid rain, the worst in China. Two years ago, rain samples ne two cities. collected in Chongqing turned out to have an acid factor of 3.0 —

Lo Qiren, deputy chief engineer of the Chongqing Environmental Institute, said the lifespan of cars, and economic decision-making powerlines and bridges is about half what it is in other cities because of the corrosive effects of pollution.

Historical and geographical vi-cissitudes have forced Chongqing to modernize faster than most places in China. The city was 70 percent destroyed by Japanese bombers during World War II and had to be completely rebuilt.

Criss-crossing the rocky promontory above two rivers, the streets run up and down and hardly ever straight. Thus Chongqing is one of the few cities in China where cars, rather than bicycles, are the rule. Under the reforms, Chongqing

will get the economic powers of a province and ride herd over eight surrounding counties. Goals still will be set by the central government, but local authorities will decide how best to meet them. This will increase efficiency and

mean that Chongqing will play a more important part in the economic modernization of China, said one official. Unfortunately, officials concede

it will also mean more pollution. Lo Qiren said the city has at least 500 factories classified as "major polluters." Set up in 1976, the envi-ronmental institute is understaffed and poorly financed and can do little more than attempt to keep tabs on the worst pollutors.

Lo admits that as in the rest of China, modernization has a higher priority. Environmental concerns streets. Slowly, the alleys and are, for the moment at least, set squares stir with life—the growl of aside by the conviction that engines, the bark of horas and the Chongqing is finally being given cries of hawkers selling breakfast the regional importance it deserves.

### Karen Stevenson's Journey

#### One Woman's Detour From the Fast Track

By Elisabeth Bumiller Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — Karen Stevenson was the student who reread every chapter of the biology book before taking the test and getting the highest grade. From Northeast Washington, she hlazed through high school, won a scholarship to the University of North Carolina, set college re-cords in hurdles and the 400-meter dash and, after graduating Phi Beta Kappa, left for England, the first American black woman to be a Rhodes scholar.

At Oxford she studied English history. She spent one Christmas on a kibbutz in Israel and a summer on a solo bike trip through England, Scotland and Wales. She ran in the Paris marathon, and her crew team won four "bumps," an outstanding honor. Her Oxford tutor, Angus Macintyre, says she had "a tremendous appetite for intellectual inquiry. She told everyone she wanted to be a corporate lawyer.

Today, two years after she fin-ished her Rhodes scholarship, she is living on a commune in Epping. New Hampshire. It is called Green Pastures and is run by the Emissaries of Divine Light, a spiritual group that has left the com-petitive world to live, as its leader puts it, "in harmony and creativty" on a 235-acre farm. Karen evenson cooks mut loaf, picks rhubarb from the garden, milks the cows, teaches aerobics exercise classes and runs three miles a day through pine woods.

"I used to think that winning was everything," she says, sitting cross-legged by the Green Pas-tures pond. "And I won it all." She laughs, shaking her head, "But I just don't want to do that

Karen Stevenson had a willful mother who pushed on her daughter both her self-discipline and her dreams, yet she was a mother who quit her job a few years before she died of cancer to search for something of her own.

At Oxford Karen Stevenson fell into est, the controversial group therapy invented and marketed by Werner Erhard, a former car salesman who says it improves

self-esteem. But Stevenson was already looking, and if it hadn't been est, it would have been something else.

Karen Stevenson's story reflects the enormous pressures, especially those self-induced, that are placed on a talented young hlack woman. Her accomplishments were always larger than she was. In a sense, her "transition" is

larger than she is, too.
"I think she's wasting everything," says her younger sister, Keely.

"Why isn't she trying to do something with her brain?" asks Nan Kinlow, a family friend.

Karen Stevenson has a simple answer. "I just sensed things were backwards." she says. "I just sensed that somehow, in spite of all those outer achievements, there was something unfulfilled."

She is 26, a tall, graceful and striking woman. But even though she says est gave her "a quality of openness," she still keeps a wall up. She talks in a soft voice about the "integrity," "hon-esty" and "wholeness" of Green

Karen Stevenson grew up in a household of women. The only role model was an uncompromis ing mother who taught her daughters there wasn't anything they couldn't do. "There was always an acceptance in her, and a willingness, to let me expand as far and as wide as possible," Stevenson says. She didn't know her father, a man her mother never married

Friends remember Clara Stevenson as a private hut outspoken woman who worked as a clinical psychologist for the District of olumbia public schools. At age 44, she got a doctorate in special education, eventually becoming the coordinator of all psychologists and social workers at schools in the Anacostia area. In 1978 she

abruptly quit. "She was looking for something more," says her daughter. "But I don't think she ever found it."

The relationship between Clara and Karen was extraordinarily close. Keely, the more stubborn daughter, was a good student who went to the University of Florida

but never got the high grades of her sister.

Karen attended public school until 14, when she was pulled out by her mother and sent to prep school. "In Washington, she was an achievement-oriented kid who wasn't respected or liked for it," says Lance Odden, the headmaster of Taft School in Watertown, Connecticut, a boarding school for the East Coast well-to-do. "She was at sea."

If she felt awkward as one of 25 blacks in a school of 500, she never let on. "Twe never been concerned about being black," she says. "I've always been concerned just to be myself."

She was accepted at Harvard, Princeton and Stanford, but it was at North Carolina that she won the Morehead Award, an allexpenses-paid four-year scholarship. Karen didn't want to go there, but her mother insisted because of the money.
At North Carolina, Karen Ste-

venson excelled, "But she wasn't a nerd about her books," says Jenny Burns, her best friend from college. She was also captain of the track team, a runner who, in the words of her old coach, Hubert West, "could do any event. She was phenomenal. She was a very hard worker." In the fall of 1979, Stevenson

began her studies at Magdalen, one of the oldest, richest and most academically rigorous at Oxford. Friends remember her as bright and vivacious. She joined a women's crew, went out for dinner and dancing with friends, and general-

ly settled in.
"I loved it," she says. "I loved the independence of it, and I loved the sense of assurance. I worked hard and I rowed hard. And I found a release of a sense of identity of either being American or black or even female."

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It was also the beginning of the change in her. For the first time in her life, there were no grades, just final exams at the end of two years. She looked inward, Friends say she stopped going out as much. During Christmas break of her second year, at the Israeli kibbutz, she made valves in a factory. "And I thought, 'Here I am, in a factory, six hours a day, hav-



Karen Stevenson in Green Pastures kitchen.

ing such a rich experience of relating with people. Something's hap-pening here that's different from ing else I've experienced.'

Back at Oxford, she started meeting with 10 or 15 students each morning, an informal "breakfast group." "We talked about personal values, personal growth and spirituality," says Dan Case, a Rhodes scholar who is now a San Francisco venture

Then in April, at the urging of a close male friend from the breakfast group, Karen Stevenson took the 60-hour, two-weekend course

"Before est," she says, "I hadn't really realized I was totally responsible for my own experience. I hadn't really thought before that about the way I was living my

She came back to Washington that summer, and learned that her

mother was dying of cancer. When she entered the University of North Carolina's law school that fall of 1981, again on a full Morehead fellowship, she

dropped out after one day.

She found a joh working the counter at a steak house. "It's part of a desire to get away from academics and a need to experience living and hanging out," she told a reporter at the time. Her friends were bewildered. She also worked as a teacher's aide during the day, and took at least two trips to estrelated conferences.

Stevenson came back to Washington at Christmas, persuaded her mother to take an est course with her, then returned to Oxford to see friends from the hreakfast group. "The quality I saw in them had been a catalyst," she says. Back from Oxford in four

months, she spent the summer of 1982 caring for her mother. In September, when her sister left for college, she headed for Green Pastures. Keely was angry, and says her sister walked out; Karen says she thought her mother was getting better, and could be left for a while.

Clara Stevenson died in October. Karen came down from New Hampshire for the funeral, stayed

a week, then went back.
"Twe lost a friend," she says
now, quietly. "But the quality of
what we shared is forever a part of me. Certainly, I miss her. And yet I'm so appreciative, and so thankful, of what we shared. I'm so thankful she was my mother." Karen Stevenson says she has

found what she was looking for, which is success in "the quality of my living." She says she is happy, but at the same time, she thinks she might move on. "I still haven't ruled out law

school," she says."

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University in January. Borlaug, a plant geneticist credited with developing new varieties of wheat that dramatically increased world crop

yields, has been appointed Distinguished Professor of International Agriculture, the university announced.

**PEOPLE** 

in Sacramento, California, Riv.

MacDonald and her boyfriend, Joe

Delgado, a Sacramento County deputy sheriff, asked for an order

of guacamole and chips to go bat

when they got home and opened the bag, they found \$3,800 in carl

"All I wanted was my guacamole."

said MacDonald, a procurement analyst at McClellan Air Force

Base. They took the bag back to the

restaurant, where a frantic search

for the missing cash receipts was

under way. Owner Luis Levva said

his daughter. Leticla, 21, bad opened up a bag looking for the cash receipts and found guacamole.

Levva gave MacDonald and Delga-

do a \$100 reward and threw in the

guacamole. He also said he would

change the way the restaurant han-

The "Father of the Green Revo-

lution." Norman E. Borlang, the

1970 Nobel Peace Prize winner, will join the faculty at Texas A&M

dles its receipts.

Guacamole and Chips

4nd \$3,800 to Go

The Spanish Surrealist artist Salvador Dali, 79, has not painted for two months because of a boat of depression, one of his close friends said. Antonio Pitxot said that Date was otherwise leading a normal life in his castle retreat at Pubol, north of Barcelona. He denied reports in a local newspaper that Dali was seriously ill and now only weighed 83 pounds (38 kilograms).

The shipping heiress Christina Onassis wants to become one of the first legal nudisis in Greece, a newspaper reported. Onassis, 33, only daughter of the late tycoon Aristotle Onassis, has approached the newly formed Greek Naturist and Nudist Organization, according to the Athens daily Apogevmatini, "Christina Onassis is keen tell join the Naturists because their rules of clean living, no smoking, no drinking and no sweets will help her lose weight," it said, quoting "close friends." The government has introduced a hill, expected to become law later this month, providing for naturist hotels and campsites in isolated areas.

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